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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 26.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 27th June, 1893.

No. 341.—The services of Surgeon-Captain C. L. Williams, M.D., I.M.S. (Madras), are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

The 30th June, 1893.

No. 356.—The services of Surgeon-Captain J. W. Wolfe, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma.

No. 358.—The services of Surgeon-Captain H. R. C. Barber, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

SANITARY.

The 29th June, 1893.

No. 107.—The following Rules for Quarantine against cholera, which have been made by the Bombay Government in exercise of the power conferred by Section I, Act I of 1870, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, are published for general information.

The Rules have effect from the 14th June 1893, as a temporary measure, in the ports of Aden, Perim, and the Somáli Coast:

I.—The Commander of every vessel, including buggalows or other native craft, arriving from the ports of the Hedjaz and Yemen as far as Babelmandeb and from Bussorah, Fao, and Muhamrah, shall, before entering the harbour, indicate by signal the port from which such vessel has come.

II.—Such Commander shall not, except as hereinafter provided, allow any communication, either with the pilot boat, except orally, or with the shore, or with any other vessel or boat in the harbour.

III.—Immediately on arrival the Commander shall cause the letter R of the Commercial Signal Code to be hoisted, and shall keep the said flag flying during his stay in port or until authorized by the Health Officer to haul it down. If communication with the shore is not desired, the vessel shall anchor at such place as may be pointed out by the Port authorities, having regard to the season of the year. If communication with the shore is desired, the Health Officer shall go alongside the vessel, and, after all necessary enquiries, shall direct the Commander to take the vessel to the quarantine anchorage duly appointed and notified in that behalf by the Resident, there to remain for a period of seven days from the date of arrival or for the shorter period prescribed in Rule IV, and undergo disinfection, which should apply as well to crew, passengers, effects, and susceptible goods.

IV.—If the Health Officer of the Port has sufficient evidence that no cases of a suspicious nature have taken place on board during the voyage, and if the vessel is besides in good hygienic condition, the duration of the quarantine will be diminished according to the following scale:

After eight days of voyage	Six days of quarantine.
Do. nine ditto	Five ditto.
Do. ten ditto	Four ditto.
Do. eleven ditto	Three ditto.
Do. twelve ditto	Two ditto.
Do. thirteen ditto and upwards . . .	Twenty-four hours of quarantine.

V.—If during the period a vessel is at the quarantine anchorage aforesaid any case or cases of cholera should occur on board, the said vessel shall remain in quarantine for a period of seven days from the date of the last case occurring, and be subject to all the prohibitions provided for in Rule III.

VI.—When any vessel has been placed in quarantine as aforesaid, the Health Officer may direct the removal of so many of the passengers and crew as may not be suffering from illness, and whose services may not be required on board the vessel, to such particular spots as may from time to time be selected by the Resident as places of quarantine, there to remain for a period of seven days. If a case of cholera occurs among such passengers and crew during any such period, they shall remain in a place of quarantine for a period of 15 days from the date of the occurrence of the last case of such illness.

VII.—Any mails or cargo which may be brought by any vessel so arriving shall be landed under such precautions as the Health Officer may deem necessary to prevent the spread of the disease.

VIII.—It will be the duty of the Port Officer to facilitate the conveyance to all vessels in quarantine of such supplies of provisions, stores, and other articles as may be required by those on board. Such supplies will be placed on the boats of the vessels in quarantine, to be subsequently removed by members of their crews.

IX.—All vessels arriving at Aden, Perim, and the Somáli Coast which may have communicated with vessels coming from the ports of the Hedjaz and Yemen as far as Babelmandeb and from Bussorah, Fao, and Muhamrah shall be subjected to the same quarantine as vessels arriving at Aden, Perim, and the Somáli Coast from the ports of the Hedjaz and Yemen as far as Babelmandeb and from Bussorah, Fao, and Muhamrah.

X.—All vessels which have undergone quarantine in the manner above prescribed should have the fact clearly stated on their bills of health.

EDUCATION.

The 30th June, 1893.

No. 175.—Under section 12 of Act II of 1857, the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorise the affiliation of the Jaffna College, Ceylon, to the Calcutta University in Arts up to the B. A. Standard.

C. J. LYALL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

HORSE-BREEDING AND AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

Simla, the 30th June, 1893.

No. 1672.—In supersession of Revenue and Agricultural Department Notification No. 2433-H.-B. & A. S., dated the 11th October 1892, Veterinary Lieutenant H. T Pease is appointed Assistant to the Inspector General, Civil Veterinary Department.

E. C. BUCK,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th June, 1893.

No. 1090-*G.*—The Governor-General in Coun- is pleased to recognise the appointment of S. Schmuck as Acting Consular Agent for sia at Aden during the absence of Mr. P. nblust.

The 27th June, 1893.

No. 1100-*G.*—Surgeon-Major G. S. Robertson, C.S.I., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Agency Surgeon at Gilgit, is appointed, on return from special duty, to officiate as British Agent at Gilgit, with effect from the 7th June, 1893, and during the absence on deputation of Lieutenant-Colonel A. G. A. Durand, C.B., or until further orders.

The 28th June, 1893.

No. 1104-*G.*—Surgeon-Captain E. C. Hare, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Officiating Medical Officer, 35th Bengal Infantry, is appointed to the medical charge of the Bundelkhand Political Agency, in addition to his military duties, with effect from the 13th May, 1893.

The 29th June, 1893.

No. 1109-*G.*—The services of Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Newman, M.D., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the date of relinquishing charge.

No. 1113-*G.*—Captain S. H. Godfrey, Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 1st Class, substantive *pro tempore*, is posted as Assistant to the Resident in Kashmir for Leh. Captain Godfrey will revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Foreign Department notification, No. 557-G, dated the 30th March, 1893, posting Captain Godfrey to Rajputana, is hereby cancelled.

H. M. DURAND,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

MINT.

Simla, the 26th June, 1893.

No. 2662.—The Governor General in Council hereby announces that, until further orders, gold coins and gold bullion will be received by the Mint Masters of the Calcutta and Bombay Mints respectively in exchange for Government rupees, at the rate of 7·53344 grains troy of fine gold for one rupee, on the following conditions:

(1) Such coin or bullion must be fit for coinage.

(2) The quantity tendered at one time must not be less than 50 tolas.

(3) A charge of one-fourth per mille will be made on all gold coin or bullion which is melted or cut so as to render the same fit for receipt into the mint.

(4) The Mint Master, on receipt of gold coin or bullion into the mint, shall grant to the proprietor a receipt which shall entitle him to a certificate from the Mint and Assay Masters for the amount of rupees to be given in exchange for such coin or bullion payable at the General (Reserve) Treasury, Calcutta or Bombay. Such certificates shall be payable at the General Treasury after such lapse of time from the issue thereof as the Comptroller General may fix from time to time.

No. 2663.—In supersession of the Notification by the Government of India in the Financial Department, No. 3287, dated the 28th October 1868, which is hereby cancelled, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, from and after the

date of this Notification, Sovereigns and Half-sovereigns of current weight coined at any authorized Royal Mint in England or Australia shall be received in all the Treasuries of British India and its dependencies, in payment of sums due to the Government, as the equivalent of fifteen rupees and of seven rupees and eight annas respectively.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PAPER CURRENCY.

The 26th June, 1893.

No. 2664.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1882, as amended by the Indian Coinage and Paper Currency Act, 1893, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that currency notes shall be issued by the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta, and by the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Bombay, on the requisition of the Comptroller General, in exchange for gold coin or gold bullion, at the rate of one Government rupee for 7·53344 grains troy of fine gold. Sovereigns and Half-sovereigns of current weight coined at any authorized Royal Mint in England or Australia shall be taken as the equivalent of fifteen rupees and of seven rupees and eight annas respectively.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 28th June, 1893.

No. 2690-*P*.—The privilege leave for two months granted to Mr. E. L. Vaughan, Assistant Accountant General, Madras, in Notification in this Department, No. 1885-P., dated 3rd May 18[illegible] is extended by one day.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

OPIUM.

The 26th June, 1893.

No. 2679.—It is hereby notified—

(1) that in the calendar year 1894 not more than 42,300 chests of Bengal opium will be offered for sale, and not more than 3,525 chests in each month of the year;

(2) that of the quantity to be offered for sale each month, not more than 1,710 chests will be Benares opium and not more than 1,815 chests Patna opium; and

(3) that no reduction will be made in these quantities without three months' previous notice.

J. F. FINLAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 30th June, 1893.

APPOINTMENTS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 620.—Lieutenant A. Roberts, Indian Staff Corps, 24th Bengal Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 12th May 1893. (Joined his appointment on the 12th June 1893.)

No. 621.—Lieutenant F. C. Rampini, Indian Staff Corps, 14th Madras Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 12th May 1893. (Joined his appointment on the 31st May 1893.)

No. 622.—Lieutenant F. W. Hawks, Indian Staff Corps, 19th Madras Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 12th May 1893. (Joined his appointment on the 12th June 1893.)

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

1st Infantry.

No. 623.—Second-Lieutenant A. T. Kirkwood, Leinster Regiment, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps in the Madras presidency, to be officiating wing officer, on probation, with effect from the 15th June 1893.

5th Infantry.

No. 624.—Lieutenant C. G. R. Smith, Welsh Regiment, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps in the Madras presidency, to be officiating wing officer, on probation, with effect from the 19th June 1893.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 625.—The undermentioned Surgeon-Lieutenants, appointed to the Bengal establishment in G. G. O. No. 260 of 1893, reported their arrival at Bombay on the date specified:

William Young
John Joseph Bourke } 22nd April 1893.
John Norman Macleod

STAFF CORPS.

No. 626.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenants—

William Constantine Paleologus, Norfolk Regiment, wing officer, 28th Bengal Infantry,—22nd November 1891.

eginald Edmonstone Cheyne, Liverpool Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 8th Bengal Cavalry,—28th April 1892.

o. 627.—The undermentioned officers, hav- completed eighteen months' probationary ice, are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, effect from the dates specified, subject to irmation by the Secretary of State for a:

Lieutenants—

Edward Malcolm Hughes, Manchester Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 14th Bengal Lancers,—3rd December 1891.

Frederick Colin Campbell Bleckley, Leinster Regiment, squadron officer, 8th Bengal Cavalry,—18th December 1891.

No. 628.—Second-Lieutenant William Robert Boyle Colan, West Yorkshire Regiment, wing officer, 13th Madras Infantry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 14th December 1891, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Colan will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

No. 629.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant John Arthur Hannyngton, Worcestershire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 29th (2nd Beluch Battalion) Bombay Infantry,—23rd March 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Harry Ross, Somersetshire Light Infantry, officiating wing officer, 9th Bombay Infantry,—24th April 1892.

Second-Lieutenant Ross will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the 24th April 1892, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 630.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Colonel B. Blood, C.B., Royal Engineers, Military Works Department, for four months. Pension service—21st year commenced 28th October 1892.

No. 631.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Major M. I. Gibbs, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander, 31st Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) for four months.

Lieutenant N. J. H. Powell, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 23rd Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) for four months.

Lieutenant A. C. Hickley, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 1st Battalion, 3rd Gurkha Rifles, (p. a.) for six months.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 632.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette" (Supplement), dated the 3rd June, 1893, pages 3251 and 3252.

WAR OFFICE,

3rd June, 1893.

The Queen has been graciously pleased, on the occasion of the celebration of Her Majesty's Birthday, to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Honourable Order of the Bath:

* * * * * * * * *

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the 2nd class, or Knights Commanders of the said Most Honourable Order, *viz.*,—

* * * * * * * * *

General Alfred William Lucas, C.B., Indian Staff Corps.

* * * * * * * * *

General Thomas Wright, C.B., Indian Staff Corps.

Lieutenant-General John Doran, C.B., Indian Staff Corps.

* * * * * * * * *

To be Ordinary Members of the Military Division of the 3rd Class, or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order, *viz.*,—

* * * * * * * * *

Major-General George Francis Beville, Indian Staff Corps, Commanding a 2nd class district in India.

* * * * * * * * *

Colonel Arthur Haldimand Prinsep, Indian Army, Colonel on the Staff, Bengal.

* * * * * * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Arthur Gore Handcock, Indian Staff Corps, Colonel on the Staff, Bengal.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Dawsonne Melancthon Strong, Indian Army.

* * * * * * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Malcolm Hassels Nicolson, Indian Army, Aide-de-Camp to the Queen.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Osmond Barnes, Indian Staff Corps.

* * * * * * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel Theophilus Higginson, Indian Staff Corps.

* * * * * * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel and Colonel James Henry Gordon, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps.

* * * * * * * * *

"London Gazette," dated the 6th June 1893, page 3259.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 6th June, 1893.

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * * * * *

Lieutenant-Colonel T. Deane, Indian Staff Corps, is granted the substantive rank of Colonel in the Army as Director of the Army Remount Department in India. Dated 21st September 1892.

* * * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 633.—*19th Bengal Lancers*—

Jemadar Kehar Singh to be Ressaidar and Kot-Dafadar Muhammad Hanif to be Jemadar, *vice* Sher Muhammad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment;

Dafadar Kehar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Khan Muhammad Khan, resigned,—

with effect from the 1st May 1893.

No. 634.—*25th Bengal Infantry*—

Havildar Pir Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Phalli Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st May 1893.

No. 635.—*2nd Battalion, 2nd Gurkha Rifles*—

Jemadar Man Singh Thápa to be Subadar and Havildar Dalip Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Lachhman Rána, transferred to the pension establishment;

Jemadar Manbir Thápa to be Subadar and Havildar Hanbir Láma to be Jemadar (the latter to remain seconded for service with the Burma Police), *vice* Madan Singh Thápa, transferred to the pension establishment;

Havildar Narbahádur Gurúng to be Jemadar, *vice* Hanbir Láma, seconded,—

with effect from the 1st June 1893.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 636.—*Surma Valley Light Horse*—

Lieutenant Douglas Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, to be Captain, with effect from the 16th December 1892, *vice* Playfair, resigned.

No. 637.—*Ghazipur Light Horse*—

Colonel John Henry Rivett-Carnac, C.I.E., Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, Commandant of the 4th Administrative Battalion, North-Western Provinces Volunteers, and Ghazipur Volunteer Rifle Corps, to be Honorary Commandant.

John Stalkartt, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Hill, promoted.

Charles Frederick Maximilian de Hoxar, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* T[illegible] de Hoxar, deceased.

No. 638.—*Dehra Dun Mounted Rifles*—

John Henry Anderson Ivens, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

No. 639.—*2nd (Cadet) Battalion, Calc[illegible] Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

George Alfred Meade, Gentleman, to [illegible] Second-Lieutenant to complete the establishment.

No. 640.—*Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Frederic Maurice Smith, Esquire, to be Captain, *vice* Murphy, transferred to the supernumerary list.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 641.—*Ghazipur Light Horse*—

Captain George Rigg Fox to be Major-Commandant, *vice* Rivett-Carnac, resigned.

Lieutenant Harry Aitchison to be Captain, *vice* Fox, promoted.

Lieutenant Edgar Hill to be Captain, *vice* White, transferred to the supernumerary list.

Second-Lieutenant Herbert Harry Sandilands (supernumerary) to be Lieutenant, *vice* Aitchison, promoted.

No. 642.—*Dehra Dun Mounted Rifles*—

Lieutenant Arthur Smythies (supernumerary) to be Captain, *vice* Armstrong, transferred to the supernumerary list.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 643.—*Ghazipur Light Horse*—

Colonel John Henry Rivett-Carnac, C.I.E., Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, Commandant, resigns his appointment.

No. 644.—*Rangoon Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Captain L. L. Downes resigns his commission.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 645.—The following promotions and reversions are made in the Engineer establishment of the Military Works Department, with effect from the dates specified:

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion, &c.	With effect from
Lieutenant G. T. Scott, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Temporary	3rd February 1893.
Lieutenant S. H. Sheppard, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Temporary	20th February 1893.
Major F. T. N. Spratt, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade.	Superintending Engineer, class III.	Officiating	28th February 1893.
Major F. T. N. Spratt, R.E.	Superintending Engineer, class III, officiating.	Superintending Engineer, class III.	Temporary	1st March 1893.
Second-Lieutenant C. A. Elliott, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Temporary	24th March 1893.
Captain W. G. R. Cordue, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Permanent	1st April 1893.
Lieutenant E. D. Swinton, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade	Permanent	
Lieutenant G. T. Scott, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, temporary.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Permanent	
Second-Lieutenant E. H. E. Green, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Temporary	
Lieutenant F. G. Fuller, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade	Permanent	
Lieutenant H. S. Rogers, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, temporary.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Permanent	
Lieutenant-Colonel W. P. Tomkins, R.E.	Chief Engineer, class II, temporary.	Chief Engineer, class II	Permanent	3rd April 1893.
Colonel W. G. Nicholson, R.E.	Superintending Engineer, class I, supernumerary.	Superintending Engineer, class I.	Permanent	
Captain J. E. Dickie, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade.	Permanent	
Captain J. M. Wade, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Permanent	
Captain J. A. Gibbon, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, temporary.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Permanent	
Lieutenant B. A. G. Shelley, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent	
Lieutenant L. W. S. Oldham, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, temporary.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Permanent	
Second-Lieutenant C. G. W. Hunter, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Temporary	
Lieutenant F. W. Watling, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent	29th April 1893.
Lieutenant R. F. Knox, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, temporary.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Permanent	
Second-Lieutenant J. B. McGeorge, R.E.	Attached	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Temporary	
Captain H. Barnet, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade.	Permanent	1st May 1893.
Captain J. W. Pringle, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Permanent	
Captain J. C. Rimington, R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, temporary.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Permanent	
Lieutenant A. H. D. Riach, R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent	

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 45.—Mr. F. T. Slater, Chief Engineer, Royal Indian Marine, Inspector of Machinery, Kidderpore Dockyard, sub. *pro tem.*, is confirmed in the appointment, with effect from the 2nd July 1892.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 46.—The undermentioned officer has been granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in Marine Circular No. 7, dated the 26th April 1892; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Mr. W. Torrie, Engineer, Royal Indian Marine, for six months.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 30th June, 1893.

Under clause 25 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned commissioned officers on the dates specified were received in the Military Department between the 17th and the 30th June 1893:

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Royal Artillery	Second-Lieutenant E. St. J. Brownlow.	15th June 1893	Amritsar.		
3rd Battalion, Rifle Brigade.	Second-Lieutenant H. P. E. Paget.	17th June 1893	Peshawar.		

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 3rd and the 30th June 1893.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. a. p.		
Allen Maxwell Cowie (a)	Second-Lieutenant.	2nd Battalion, Royal Sussex Regiment.	27th January 1893.	Intestate	261 11 4		
William Utting Cole	Major	3rd Dragoon Guards.	7th September 1892.	Will left	430 14 1		

(a) *Next-of-kin*—Mother—Mrs. A. J. Cowie, 46, Hereford Road, Bayswater, London, W. (Administrator-General, Bengal, administering.)

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 29th June, 1893.

No. 250.—The following is published for general information:

No. 372-R. T., dated 27th June, 1893.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

General Rules for working railways open for traffic.

Read—

Section 47 of the Indian Railways Act (IX) of 1890.

Government of India Circular No. 3 Railway, dated the 19th April 1892, promulgating General Rules for all open state railways in British India administered by the Government.

Public Works Department Notification No. 174. dated the 7th May 1892, publishing in the *Gazette of India* of the 14th May 1892 the circular and the General Rules read above.

Government of India Resolution No. 0058 R. T., dated the 28th February 1893, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 4th March 1893 under Public Works Department Notification No. 82, dated the 1st March 1893.

Government of India Resolution No. 321 R. T., dated the 7th June 1893, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 24th June 1893 under Public Works Department Notification No. 249, dated the 23rd June 1893.

Letter from the Director General of Railways, No. 230 T., dated the 23rd June 1893.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Director General of Railways has applied that the General Rules for working open lines of railway in British India, which have been sanctioned by the Governor General in Council and published under Public Works Department Notification No. 174, dated the 7th May 1892 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 14th May 1892), as modified by the Government of India Resolutions Nos. 0058 R. T. and 321 R. T., dated respectively the 28th February 1893 and the 7th June 1893, which were published under Public Works Department Notifications Nos. 82, dated the 1st March 1893, and 249, dated the 23rd June 1893 (*vide* the *Gazette of India* of the 4th March 1893 and the 24th June 1893), may be made applicable to the Godavery-Vizianagram section, including the Cocanada and Vizagapatam branches, of the East Coast Railway from the date on which it may be opened for the public carriage of passengers, animals, or goods.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the application of the General Rules for Indian railways, with the modifications cited in the foregoing observations, to the Godavery-Vizianagram section, including the Cocanada and Vizagapatam branches, of the East Coast Railway.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the General Rules which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 14th May 1892, be further notified to the railway servants and to the public by a copy thereof, as modified by the Resolutions of the 28th February 1893 and 7th June 1893, being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the station master of every station on the said railway.

Ordered also, that this Resolution be communicated to the Director General of Railways for information and guidance, and that it be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

The 30th June, 1893.

No. 251.—The following is published for general information:

No. 1664-G., dated 26th June, 1893.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Orders on certain questions raised in connection with the establishment of a Provincial Service recruited in India for the Engineer Branch, Public Works Department.

Read again—

Public Works Department Resolution No. 2112 G., dated the 19th July 1892.

Read also—

Letter from the Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh in the Public Works Department, No. C-1786-E, dated 14th October 1892.

Letter from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Burma in the Public Works Department, No. 15635, dated the 15th November 1892.

In the letters read in the preamble, the following questions are raised:

(i) Whether the provisions of Article 720 of the Civil Service Regulations are applicable to the Provincial Engineer Service, and whether Civilian Upper Subordinates promoted to the Provincial Engineer Service may be permitted to serve on after they have attained the age of 55 years.

(ii) Whether Upper Subordinates promoted to the Provincial Engineer Service are required to pass examinations in professional subjects and in the native languages under Public Works Department Code, Vol. I, Chapter II, paragraphs 12-14 and 17.

(iii) Whether Upper Subordinates shall on promotion to the Provincial Engineer Service be graded according to the salary they have been drawing in the Upper Subordinate grades, or whether they shall be placed in the 2nd grade of Assistant Engineers, receiving the difference between the pay of their grade in the Upper Subordinate establishment and that of the 2nd Assistant Engineer grade as a personal allowance. Also whether the sub-divisional allowance which they may have been in receipt of at the time of their promotion will be continued to them as a personal allowance on promotion.

(iv) Whether students of the Indian Colleges appointed to the Provincial Engineer Service shall, under Regulation IV of the Resolution of the 19th July 1892, be promoted to the 1st grade of Assistant Engineers immediately on passing the professional examination required by Public Works Department Code, Vol. I, Chapter II, paragraphs 12-14.

(v) Whether the Imperial and Provincial Services are to be one and the same or on separate lists for purposes of promotion.

(vi) Whether any, and if so what, portion of the military service of Military Upper Subordinates promoted to the Provincial Engineer Service shall count towards civil pension.

2. The Governor General in Council is pleased to issue the following orders on the several questions raised:

Question i.—The 55 years rule is at present applicable to all members of the Engineer establishment (*vide* note to Article 720 of the Civil Service Regulations), and it will therefore be applicable to all persons appointed to the Provincial Engineer Service, and no one will be allowed to remain in the service after he has attained the age of 55 years.

Question ii.—In Regulation V of the Resolution of the 19th July 1892 it is laid down that the men of the Upper Subordinate class shall be ordinarily Sub-Engineers chosen for their ability and merit. As these men will be selected for promotion on account of their general efficiency and experience in practical work, it is unnecessary that they should be required to pass the examinations in question.

Question iii.—On promotion to the Provincial Engineer Service, men of the Upper Subordinate class will be ordinarily placed in the 2nd grade of Assistant Engineer, and will draw the pay of that grade, *viz*., Rs. 250. The difference between this sum and the pay of their grade in the Upper Subordinate establishment, including the increments they may have at the time of promotion earned as Sub-Engineers, will be granted to them as a personal allowance. The Governor General in Council is, however, pleased to rule that men of the Upper Subordinate class shall be as a rule selected for promotion to the Provincial Service before they have qualified for the increments of Sub-Engineers.

It is also ruled that Sub-Engineers promoted to the Provincial Engineer Service shall not be granted the sub-divisional allowance which they may have been receiving prior to their promotion.

It will be optional with any subordinate to decline promotion.

Question iv.—Promotions from 2nd to 1st grade Assistant Engineer in the Provincial Service will be made only as vacancies admit, and on recommendations. Promotions will also be regulated by selection for vacancies within the sanctioned scale, as laid down in Regulation VI of the Resolution of the 19th July 1892. Passing the examination prescribed in Public Works Department Code, Vol. I, Chapter II, paragraphs 12-14, merely qualifies for promotion, subject to the above conditions, in the case of students appointed from the Indian Colleges.

Question v.—Officers of the Imperial and Provincial Services will be on one list for purposes of promotion.

Question vi.—Warrant officers of the rank of Conductor and Sub-Conductor and non-commissioned officers and soldiers when promoted from the Upper Subordinate class to the Provincial Engineer Service are required to take their discharge from the Army, and will then count their whole departmental service for civil pension (*vide* Article 388, clause 3, Civil Service Regulations). It will, however, be optional with such officers to decline promotion. The case of honorary commissioned officers is under consideration, and orders in regard to them will issue hereafter.

3. The question has also been raised whether Upper Subordinates of the Military Works Department are eligible for appointment to the Provincial Engineer Service of the Public Works Department. His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to rule that the claims of the Upper Subordinates of the Military Works Department shall be considered when selecting men for promotion to the Provincial Establishment.

ORDER.—Ordered, that this Resolution be communicated to the Local Governments, Administrations, and Officers noted in the margin for information and guidance, and that it be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*.

The Governments of Madras and Bombay, Public Works Department, General and Railway Branches.
The Governments of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and the Punjab.
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, Assam, and Coorg.
The Resident at Hyderabad.
The Agents to the Governor General for Rajputana, Central India, and Baluchistan.
The Accountant General, Public Works Department.
The Director General of Railways.
The Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta, Central Division, Lucknow, and Assam.

Ordered also, that it be forwarded to the Finance and Commerce, Home, Revenue and Agricultural, and Military Departments.

No. 252.—The following is published for general information :

No. 138-I., dated 29th June, 1893.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Review of the Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in the North-Western Provinces for the year 1891-92.

Read—

Letter No. C. 348-I., dated the 23rd May 1893, from the Government of the North-Western Provinces, forwarding the Revenue Report of Irrigation Works in the North-Western Provinces for 1891-92, and the Resolution of that Government reviewing the Report.

OBSERVATIONS.—The number of Irrigation Works in operation for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept is nine, as in the preceding year. Four are classed as Productive, one, the Betwa Canal, as Protective, and four as Minor Works. The direct and indirect capital outlay for each class of

works during and up to the end of the year under review is shown in the following statement:

	Number of works.	During the year 1891-92.							
		Works.	Establishment.	Tools and Plant.	Suspense Account.	Total direct charges.	Indirect charges.	Total direct and indirect charges.	Total direct and indirect to end of 1891-92.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Major Works—									
Protective Works (Account head 35)	1	8,890	1,926	20	—930	9,906	720	10,626	41,88,776
Irrigation Works not charged against Revenue (Account head 49)	4	3,58,556	80,811	5,170	31,798	4,76,335	28,483	5,04,818	7,49,09,833
Minor Works—									
Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept (Account head 43)	4	13,683	3,120	...	2,251	19,054	569	19,623	25,12,721
Works in operation ...	3	282	—34	...	...	248	—5	243	2,81,452
Surveys									
Total Minor Works ...	7	13,965	3,086	...	2,251	19,302	564	19,866	27,94,173
GRAND TOTAL ...	12	3,81,411	85,823	5,190	33,119	5,05,543	29,767	5,35,310	8,18,92,782

2. The aggregate capital outlay was Rs. 51,810 more than in 1890-91. On the Betwa Canal the capital outlay amounted to Rs. 10,626, about 2 miles of new distributary and 4½ miles of drainage cut being opened. Levelling of the crest of the weir was also completed.

On the Upper Ganges canal the capital outlay was Rs. 1,75,793. The raising of the Puth bridge was begun, two new inspection houses were finished, and 59 miles of new drainage works were opened.

On the Lower Ganges canal the expenditure was Rs. 2,33,140. A tail fall on the Malhausi escape was constructed; seven miles of new distributary and 153 miles of new drainage cut were opened.

On the Agra canal the capital outlay was Rs. 26,517, principally in the improvement of distributaries.

On the Eastern Jumna canal the outlay was Rs. 69,368 on distributaries and drainage works.

The capital outlay on Minor Works amounted to Rs. 19,623, principally on the Rohilkhand canals. There was also a charge of Rs. 243 on account of the surveys for the Bundelkhand Irrigation Works.

3. The following statement shows for the Major Works the mileage of main channel and distributary sanctioned and in operation at the close of the year:

	Sanctioned.		Completed.	
	Miles of canals.	Miles of distributaries.	Miles of canals.	Miles of distributaries.
Major Works.				
Protective Works—				
Betwa canal	182	379	168	343
Works of which the Capital outlay is not charged against Revenue—				
Ganges canal	463	3,000	437	2,524
Lower Ganges canal	566	2,457	557	2,104
Agra canal	109	600	109	565
Eastern Jumna canal	130	641	129	644
Total Major Works, 1891-92 ...	1,450	7,077	1,400	6,180
Figures for 1890-91 ...	1,450	7,077	1,400	6,169

Small additions were made to the distributaries of the Upper and Lower Ganges, Eastern Jumna, and Betwa canals.

4. The actual financial results of the year under review are exhibited in the following statement :

Canal.	Total direct and indirect capital outlay to end of year.	Gross Revenue collected.			Working Expenses.			Net Revenue.	Percentage of net Revenue on capital outlay.
		Irrigation Revenue. (a).	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total.	Direct.	Indirect.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Major Works.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Protective Works—									
Betwa Canal	41,88,776	96,331	4,502	1,00,833	96,485	8,445	1,04,930	−4,097	...
Irrigation Works not charged against Revenue—									
Ganges canal	2,87,31,937	31,54,209	1,49,990	33,04,199	10,46,660	70,828	11,17,488	21,86,711	7·6
Lower Ganges canal ...	3,35,32,949	19,18,874	70,710	19,89,584	8,41,790	59,451	9,01,241	10,88,343	3·2
Agra canal	91,88,854	5,45,709	53,662	5,99,371	2,36,762	16,219	2,52,981	3,46,390	3·8
Eastern Jumna canal ...	34,56,093	10,08,088	49,881	10,57,969	2,83,276	19,827	3,03,103	7,54,866	21·8
Total of Major Works, 1891-92 ...	7,90,98,609	67,23,211	3,28,745	70,51,956	25,04,973	1,74,770	26,79,743	43,72,213	5·5
Total for 1890-91 ...	7,85,83,165	62,47,413	2,68,763	65,16,176	25,63,144	1,79,769	27,42,913	37,73,263	4·8
Minor Works.									
Works of which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept.									
In Operation—									
Dun canals	6,36,834	58,525	27,180	85,705	53,098	3,664	56,762	28,943	4·5
Rohilkhand canals ...	17,00,223	1,31,741	5,466	1,37,207	83,034	7,573	90,607	46,600	2·7
Bijnor canals	93,266	26,187	4,666	30,853	9,861	852	10,713	20,140	21·6
Bundelkhand Irrigation Works. Jhansi lakes ...	82,398	2,341	621	2,962	9,815	343	10,158	−7,196	...
Bundelkhand Irrigation Works. Hamirpur lakes		4,659	644	5,303	5,410	482	5,892	−589	
Total of Minor Works, 1891-92 ...	25,12,721	2,23,453	38,577	2,62,030	1,61,218	12,914	1,74,132	87,898	3·5
Total for 1890-91 ...	24,93,098	2,27,696	29,017	2,56,713	1,64,774	11,644	1,76,418	80,295	3·2
GRAND TOTAL, 1891-92 ...	8,16,11,330	69,46,664	3,67,322	73,13,986	26,66,191	1,87,684	28,53,875	44,60,111	5·5
GRAND TOTAL, 1890-91 ...	8,10,76,263	64,75,109	2,97,780	67,72,889	27,27,918	1,91,413	29,19,331	38,53,558	4·7

(a) Refunds deducted from Revenue.

5. The gross revenue derived from the Major Works was more by Rs. 5,35,780 than in 1890-91, and is the highest on record in any year with the exception of 1884-85. The working expenses on the Major Works show a reduction of Rs. 63,170 as compared with the figures for the previous year, so that the net revenue is better by Rs. 5,98,950.

The net revenue realised is equivalent to a return of 5·5 per cent. on the capital outlay. These results of the working of the Major Works during the year under review are considered by the Government of India to be extremely satisfactory.

6. The interest charges for the year on the Major Works amounted to Rs. 29,49,355. After meeting these the balance of net revenue amounts to Rs. 14,22,858. The total interest charges to the end of 1891-92 amounted to 648 lakhs in round numbers against a total net revenue of 726 lakhs. The clear profit derived is thus 78 lakhs, or nearly 10 per cent. on the capital outlay.

7. The net revenue derived from the Minor Works was Rs. 7,603 more than in the previous year.

8. Paragraph 6 of the Chief Engineer's note gives the result of the working as regards irrigation of the Provincial contract which terminated on 31st March 1892. Under the contract the Provincial Government retained the direct revenue from Productive and Minor Works, and paid interest at 4 per cent. on—

(1) The old capital outlay from Imperial funds on Minor Works and Navigation (Rs. 23,35,555).

(2) The total capital outlay from all sources on Major Works, less capital outlay from April 1st, 1887, on the new Nadrai aqueduct.

The contract figures were—

	Rs.	Rs.
Revenue, gross earnings		55,40,000
Working Expenses	22,98,000	
Interest	26,91,000	49,89,000
Anticipated net revenue	...	5,51,000
Total for 5 years	...	27,55,000

The actual results for the five years were—

Revenue, gross earnings		2,52,06,172
Working expenses	1,24,44,783	
Interest	1,38,07,190	2,62,51,973
Net revenue		—10,45,801
Anticipated deficit owing to the failure of the Nadrai aqueduct, to be met by transfer from land revenue		12,00,000
Actual net revenue		1,54,199

The Province was, therefore, so far as canals are concerned, a loser by the contract of Rs. 26,00,801.

9. The statement in paragraph 4 gave the actual collections for the year. In the following statement details of the assessed revenue are given, and the total for each canal is compared with the area irrigated:

Canals.	Area irrigated.		Assessment, 1891-92.				Assessments, 1890-91.	Rate per acre irrigated.	
	1891-92.	1890-91.	Occupier's rates.	Owner's rates.	Share of land revenue.	Gross assessed revenue, excluding miscellaneous.		1891-92.	1890-91.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Betwa	30,606	33,953	82,067	92	...	82,159	1,00,335	2·7	3·0
Ganges	832,864	821,652	23,17,013	1,02,978	6,90,076	31,10,067	30,27,799	3·7	3·7
Lower Ganges ...	660,963	642,632	15,72,184	1,03,326	2,09,586	19,75,096	19,02,828	3·0	3·0
Agra	164,981	152,118	4,73,979	89,632	...	5,63,611	5,03,821	3·4	3·3
Eastern Jumna ...	223,437	237,422	7,29,726	9,964	2,46,145	9,85,835	9,90,210	4·4	4·2
Dun	20,521	16,984	33,538	2,737	24,930	61,255	60,939	3·0	3·6
Rohilkhand	96,914	98,272	75,175	7,997	50,070	1,33,242	1,34,237	1·4	1·4
Bijnor	11,970	8,730	17,769	2,444	8,172	28,385	5,785	2·4	2·9
Bundelkhand Irrigation Works. Jhansi lakes	1,148	673	1,959	...	1,299	7,845	7,019	2·8	3·0
Bundelkhand Irrigation Works. Hamirpur lakes ...	1,626	1,678	2,824	...	1,763				
Total ...	2,045,030	2,014,114	53,06,234	4,09,170	12,32,091	69,47,495	67,53,023	3·4	3·3

10. The area irrigated continues to exhibit a satisfactory increase, the figures for 1891-92 being 30,916 acres more than those for the previous year. The increase was entirely in the kharif irrigation, the rabi showing a small falling off. The area under kharif crop was 766,215 acres, or 37·47 per cent. of the total; that under rabi crop being 1,278,815 acres, or 62·53 per cent.

11. The season was on the whole favourable for irrigation, the monsoon beginning late and feebly, and the winter rains also coming late and being below the average.

12. The areas under the principal crops were as follows:

Crops.	1891-92.	1890-91.
	Acres.	Acres.
Sugarcane	245,667	198,577
Rice	149,045	167,868
Indigo	174,546	221,663
Cotton	88,647	69,887
Wheat	755,786	736,297
Barley	108,821	107,352
Gram	55,557	57,198
Poppy	11,290	12,744

The increase in the area under sugarcane was very marked, especially on the Ganges canal. The estimated value of all the irrigated crops was 751 lakhs, which is equivalent to about Rs. 36 per acre, and amounts to 92 per cent. of the entire capital outlay on open canals. The average occupier's rate per acre amounted to Rs. 2·59.

13. The balance of demands remaining unrealised at the beginning of the financial year was Rs. 2,21,266, which had been reduced to Rs. 1,83,106 at its close. The remissions aggregated Rs. 47,920.

14. The following statement gives the details of the working expenses for the year under review and compares the total with that of the previous year:

Canals.	1891-92.					1890-91.
	Works.	Establishment.	Tools and Plant.	Indirect charges.	Total.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Major Works.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Protective Irrigation Works—						
Betwa canal	35,316	60,604	565	8,445	1,04,930	1,14,857
Irrigation works not charged against Revenue—						
Ganges canal	5,19,003	5,12,308	15,349	70,828	11,17,488	11,14,390
Lower Ganges canal	4,13,440	4,30,727	—2,377	59,451	9,01,241	9,47,509
Agra canal	1,14,406	1,17,535	4,821	16,219	2,52,981	2,47,204
Eastern Jumna canal	1,35,752	1,43,027	4,497	19,827	3,03,103	3,18,953
TOTAL ...	12,17,917	12,64,201	22,855	1,74,770	26,79,743	27,42,913
Per acre irrigated ...	...	...	...	...	1·40	1·45
Minor Works.						
Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept—						
Dun canals	26,473	26,364	261	3,664	56,762	52,449
Rohilkhand canals	28,235	54,525	274	7,573	90,607	1,03,126
Bijnor canal	3,600	6,190	71	852	10,713	15,878
Bundelkhand Irrigation Works. Jhansi lakes ...	7,314	2,486	15	343	10,158	2,245
Bundelkhand Irrigation Works. Hamirpur lakes	1,882	3,519	9	482	5,892	2,720
GRAND TOTAL ...	12,85,421	13,57,285	23,485	1,87,684	28,53,875	29,19,331
Per acre irrigated ...	...	...	...	...	1·40	1·45

NOTE.—Sundries and plantation charges have been included in item "Works."

Under extensions and improvements the expenditure amounted to Rs. 2,33,326 principally on the Upper Ganges canal, on the Nildhara and Dudhia weirs, and on training works in the river. On the Lower Ganges and Agra canals the principal expenditure under this head was also on training works.

The repair outlay amounted to Rs. 10,01,751, and was more by Rs. 26,315 than in the previous year. This increase is satisfactorily explained in paragraph 12 of the Chief Engineer's report. The trouble due to weeds on the Lower Ganges canal, which was referred to in paragraph 12 of last year's review, was much less in 1891-92.

15. The details of the charge for establishment as shown in the last statement are as follows:

—	Revenue management.	Maintenance	Total.	Percentage.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Direction	1,55,948	60,604	2,16,552	15·95
Executive	4,10,360	3,04,906	7,15,266	52·69
Revenue (Irrigation Branch) ...	2,44,170	...	2,44,170	18·00
„ Payments by Civil Officers, including fees	1,50,340	...	1,50,340	11·08
Navigation	11,284	...	11,284	0·83
Medical	...	6,179	6,179	0·46
Plantation	...	13,494	13,494	0·99
GRAND TOTAL ...	9,72,102	3,85,183	13,57,285	100·00

The establishment charges against Revenue Account were Rs. 28,690 less than during the previous year principally owing to an increased outlay under capital.

16. The working expenses formed about 39 per cent. of the gross revenue realised. Of this percentage, Revenue management formed 13 per cent., maintenance 23 per cent., and leave and pension allowances 3 per cent.

17. The length of navigable channel open on the Ganges and Agra canals at the end of the year was 535 miles, as in the previous year. The ton mileage amounted to about 7 millions, the estimated value of the cargoes to nearly 25 lakhs, and of rafts to nearly 2½ lakhs. The number of passengers carried was only 3,255 on the Ganges canals and 641 on the Agra Canal.

18. The receipt and charges on account of navigation were as follows:

Canal.	RECEIPTS.		CHARGES.	
	1890-91.	1891-92.	1890-91.	1891-92.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Upper and Lower Ganges	15,816	16,630	21,425	19,654
Agra	5,966	7,679	9,394	9,993
TOTAL ...	21,782	24,309	30,819	29,647

The deficit on the navigation operations on the Upper and Lower Ganges canals was reduced from Rs. 5,609 to Rs. 3,024, but the navigation on this system is not expected to show satisfactory progress until the completion of the Cawnpore extension, the estimate for which has been sanctioned by the Secretary of State subsequent to the year under review.

The principal traffic on the canals consists of building materials, timber and firewood, and grain.

19. The revenue realised on account of water-power amounted to Rs. 72,861, principally on the Ganges and Dun canals. The discharge available was 11,582 cubic feet per second, so the revenue is equivalent to Rs. 6·29 per cubic feet.

The figures of revenue given in paragraph 18 of the Chief Engineer's report do not agree with those in statement I. C.

20. The following hydraulic details are given in the report:

Canals.	Number of irrigating days.	Mean discharge at head, cubic feet per second.	Discharge utilised, cubic feet per second.	PERCENTAGES.	
				Discharge utilized.	Discharge escaped.
Ganges	272	*4,407	4,123	93·6	6·4
Lower Ganges	272	4,395	2,951	67·1	32·9
Agra	249	1,156	910	78·7	21·3
Eastern Jumna	323	1,046	910	87·0	13·0

*Exclusive of the volume passed on to the Lower Ganges Canal.

The figures for the Upper and Lower Ganges canals should be considered together, the surplus water which is run through the upper canal to maintain depth sufficient for navigation being passed on and escaped from the lower canal. The volume escaped from the lower canal is very large, but it will be reduced when the Cawnpore extension project is carried out. The increase in the volume entering the heads of the upper and lower canals over the figures for the previous year is owing to the larger volumes of the water available in the river. The increase in the case of the Eastern Jumna is due to the adoption of a new table of discharges.

21. The following figures relate to the water-duty obtained and the occupier's rate per cubic foot of discharge:

Canals.	AREA IRRIGATED PER CUBIC FOOT		Occupier's rate per cubic foot of discharge utilised.	Occupier's rate per acre.	Total water-rate per acre.
	of discharge at head.	of discharge utilised.			
	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ganges	189	202	562	2·78	3·73
Lower Ganges	150	224	533	2·38	2·99
Agra	143	181	521	2·87	3·41
Eastern Jumna	214	246	802	3·27	4·41

The area irrigated and the occupier's rate assessed per cubic foot of discharge show a falling off compared with the previous year due to the increased supply used in the kharif season on account of the late setting in of the monsoon.

22. The following particulars relate to the distributaries:

Canals.	Area irrigated per mile of distributary.	Number of outlets per mile.	Area irrigated per outlet.
	Acres.		Acres.
Ganges	318	7·2	44
Lower Ganges	307	5·5	56
Agra	291	7·4	39
Eastern Jumna	338	6·2	60

23. The measurements of the level of water in wells near the major canals showed that the level had a tendency to rise. The preparation of projects for a complete system of drainage for the Agra Canal is, however, being pushed on, and a hope is expressed that construction will be begun early in 1892-93. The capital outlay on drainage works during the year amounted to Rs. 1,39,041, the additions to the length of drainage cuts amounting to 227 miles. The maintenance charges for drainage cuts in connexion with the Major Works amounted to Rs. 57,980, and under Agricultural to Rs. 57,273.

24. The following figures relate to the Tarai and Bhabar canals, which were under the charge of an Executive Engineer of the Irrigation Branch. They are not included in the general statements in the review, as no separate water-rate is levied on them. The amount entered under water-rate is an arbitrary portion of the land revenue :

Canals.	Irrigated area.	Revenue Receipts.				Revenue Expenditure.				
		Water-rate.	Plantation.	Water power.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Establishment.	Tools and Plant.	Total.
	Acres.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Tarai	28,462	30,345	...	...	30,325	3,460	11,632	5,329	...	20,421
Bhabar	31,507	1,78,247	...	35,353	2,13,600	39,476	56,098	17,018	1,490	1,14,082

25. The Revenue Report was received by the Government of India on May 25th, which was considerably later than the receipt of that for the previous year, and is long after the due date. It was the last of the Revenue Reports to be received. The Government of India regret to find that the expectation of the submission of future reports being expedited, which was expressed by the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh in the letter forwarding the report for 1890-91, has not been realized.

26. The report has been very well prepared, and the maximum flood level is now indicated on the river diagrams.

27. The Government of India notice with approval that the officers and subordinates of all grades performed their duties during the year to the satisfaction of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor.

ORDER.—Ordered, that copy of this Review and of the Report be forwarded to the Revenue and Agricultural Department for information.

Ordered also, that copies of this Review be forwarded to the Government of the North-Western Provinces for information and guidance, and that copies of the Review be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations in the Public Works Department noted in the margin for information.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, and the Punjab.
The Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces, Burma, Assam, and Coorg.
The Residents at Hyderabad and in Mysore.
The Agents to the Governor General in Central India, Rajputana, and Baluchistán.

Ordered further, that this Review be published in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, and that copies of this Review and of the Report be forwarded to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Registrar
To Supdts 2 Sep. Revs.
Do — Accounts
Do — Expenditure
Do — Pensions
8/7

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 27.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1893.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

Nothing for Publication.

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Nothing for Publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 27.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 6th July, 1893.

No. 22.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the fifth day of October, 1871, the provisions of the 33rd of Vict., Chap. 3, Section 1, were declared applicable to the Hill District of Arakan;

And whereas the Chief Commissioner of Burma has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft, and the same has received the Governor General's assent on the 4th day of July, 1893;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the *Gazette of India*.

REGULATION NO. VIII OF 1893.

A Regulation to amend the Arakan Hill District Laws Regulation, 1874.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Arakan Hill District Laws Regulation, 1874, by the substitution of Kaladan for Myouktoung as the station at which declarations of contents of boats are to be made under section 15 of that Regulation, the latter place having been transferred from the Arakan Hill Tracts District to the Akyab District; It is hereby enacted as follows: IX of 1874.

Title.

1. This Regulation may be called the Arakan Hill District Laws Amendment Regulation, 1893.

Amendment of section 15, Regulation IX of 1874.

2. In section 15 of the Arakan Hill District Laws Regulation, 1874, for the word "Myouktoung" the word "Kaladan" shall be substituted. IX of 1874.

S. HARVEY JAMES,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 6th July, 1893.

No. 376.—The services of Surgeon-Lieutenant W. Young, I.M.S. (Bengal), are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

The 7th July, 1893.

No. 378.—With effect from the date of assuming charge, Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Newman, M.D., I.M.S. (Bengal), Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana, is appointed to officiate as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, during the absence on privilege leave of Surgeon-Colonel J. G. Pilcher, or until further orders.

JUDICIAL.

The 6th July, 1893.

No. 779.—*Addendum.*—In Home Department Notification No. 653, dated the 9th June 1893, announcing the Honourable R. F. Rampini's appointment as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Calcutta, after the words "Fort William in Bengal" *add* the words "with effect from the 20th April 1893."

The 7th July, 1893.

No. 784.—The services of Captain H. Thornton, 7th Madras Infantry, late Cantonment Magistrate of Rangoon, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he relinquished charge of his office.

POLICE.

The 7th July, 1893.

No. 319.—The services of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Staff Corps are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment as Assistant Commandants in the Upper Burma Military Police:

Lieutenant A. J. N. Harward, 10th Bengal Infantry.

Lieutenant W. S. Eardley-Howard, 29th Punjab Infantry.

Lieutenant F. J. Wallis, 15th Madras Infantry.

BOOKS AND PUBLICATIONS.

The 7th July, 1893.

No. 402.—The following Order of Her Majesty in Council relating to the adhesion of the Principality of Montenegro to the International Copyright Convention is published for general information:

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR.

The 16th day of May, 1893.

PRESENT:

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Marquess of Ripon.

Mr. Secretary Asquith.

Whereas Her Majesty, by virtue of the authority committed to Her by the International Copyright Acts, 1844 to 1886, and having regard to the provisions of a Convention, the ratifications of which were exchanged on the fifth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, between Her Majesty and the Governments of the foreign countries named in the said Order, was pleased to make an Order in Council, dated the twenty-eighth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, with respect to the protection to be given by way of copyright to the authors of literary and artistic works first produced in one of the said foreign countries:

And whereas it has been intimated to Her Majesty's Government that the Government of the Principality of Montenegro have notified the accession of that country to the said Convention:

And whereas Her Majesty in Council is satisfied that the said Principality of Montenegro has made such provisions as it appears to Her Majesty expedient to require for the protection of authors of works first produced in Her Majesty's dominions:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and by virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said Acts, doth declare, and it is hereby declared, that the provisions of the said order hereinbefore specified shall extend to the said Principality of Montenegro.

This Order shall come into operation on and from the date hereof.

And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders herein accordingly.

C. L. Peel.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd July, 1893.

No. 1131-*G*.—The following promotions are made in the Bhopal Battalion, with effect from the 23rd May, 1893:

Jemadar Matadin Sukul to be Subadar, *vice* Pragdatt Missir, deceased.

Havildar Shiudulare Dube to be Jemadar, *vice* Matadin Sukul, promoted.

No. 1138-*G*.—The following appointments are made in the Berar Commission, with effect from the 23rd March, 1893, consequent on the appointment of Colonel H. C. A. Szczepanski, Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Class, to officiate as Judicial Commissioner in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts:

Mr. H. S. Nicholetts, Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Class.

Mr. R. D. Hare, Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class.

No. 1140-*G*.—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. T. B. Bookey, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Medical Officer, 6th Punjab Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force, is appointed to officiate as Medical Officer of the Bhopal Battalion and of the Bhopal Political Agency, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence on furlough of Surgeon-Major A. H. C. Dane, M.D., or until further orders.

The 6th July, 1893.

No. 1161-*G*.—The contents of volume III of Aitchison's Treaties have been rearranged in the new edition which has just been published, so as to form volumes III and IV of that work. It is therefore notified for general information, with reference to Foreign Department notification, No. 1723-G., dated the 2nd July, 1883, that rule II, clause (A) (4), of the rules for the examination of junior officers in the Political Department has been amended by the substitution of the words and figures "Volumes III and IV" for the word and figure "Volume III."

No. 1164-*G*.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Alexander Meyer as Acting Consul for Denmark at Rangoon.

No. 1167-*G*.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. C. W. Freese, Vice-Consul for the Netherlands, to the charge of the Belgian Consulate at Bombay during the absence of Mr. F. Masotti.

No. 2360-*I*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 13 of the Births, Deaths, and Marriages Registration Act, VI of 1886, and in supersession of Part II of the Foreign Department notification, No. 342-I., dated 25th January, 1889, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the District Judge of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for the time being to be a Registrar of Births and Deaths for the territories of Mysore, including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, in respect of the classes of persons (other than those referred to in Part I of the notification quoted above) indicated in section 11, sub-section (*1*), clause (*b*), of the said Act.

H. M. DURAND,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 7th July, 1893.

No. 2858-*A*.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

The Governor General in Council considers it desirable that full details of the annual estimates of revenue and expenditure in the Civil, Military, and Public Works Departments should be made available to the public, and accordingly directs that the following publications containing estimates of revenue and expenditure, which have not hitherto been available for purchase, be in future placed on sale at the Government Central Press, Calcutta:

1. Civil Estimates.
2. India Military Budget Estimates.
3. Budget Estimates of the Royal Indian Marine.
4. " " of Imperial Civil Works.
5. " " of Provincial and Local Civil Works.

6. Budget Estimates of the Irrigation Branch.
7. " " of the State Railways.
8. " " of the Guaranteed Railways.
9. " " of the Indian Telegraph Department.
10. " " of the Indo-European Telegraph Department.
11. " " of Imperial Military Works.

ORDER.—Ordered, that copies of this Resolution be forwarded to the Military, Foreign, and Public Works Departments, to the Comptroller and Auditor General, and to the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta, for information.

Ordered also, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 5th July, 1893.

No. 2809-*P*.—Mr. R. E. Hamilton, Comptroller, India Treasuries, is granted privilege leave for two months and fourteen days, with effect from the 2nd August 1893.

Mr. G. H. R. Hart, Officiating Deputy Auditor General, is appointed to officiate as Comptroller, India Treasuries, during the absence of Mr. R. E. Hamilton on privilege leave, or until further orders.

The 6th July, 1893.

No. 2830-*P*.—Mr. T. W. Rawlins, Accountant General, Madras, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-six days, with effect from the 31st July 1893, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Mr. J. E. Cooke, Deputy Auditor General, is appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Madras, during the absence of Mr. T. W. Rawlins on privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 2864-*P*.—Lieutenant-Colonel Gerald Martin (Bengal Staff Corps), Assay Master, Bombay, is granted special leave on urgent private affairs for six months, with effect from the 14th July 1893.

Surgeon-Major H. P. Yeld (Bengal Establishment), Deputy Assay Master, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Assay Master, Bombay.

The 7th July, 1893.

No. 2866-*P*.—Mr. W. D. F. Cowley is appointed Comptroller, Assam, with effect from the 28th June 1893.

Mr. H. J. Brereton is posted as Assistant Comptroller General, in charge of Paper Currency, Calcutta.

No. 2896-*P*.—Surgeon-Captain J. L. T. Jones (Bombay Establishment) is appointed a Probationer in the Assay Department, Calcutta Mint.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

EXCISE.

No. 2792-*Ex*.

The 3rd July, 1893.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Read—

Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 36 (Revenue), dated 16th March 1893, forwarding a copy of a question asked in the House of Commons, and of the answer given thereto by the Under-Secretary of State, regarding the appointment of a Commission to enquire into the production and consumption of hemp drugs in India.

Read also—

Correspondence ending with Despatch from the Secretary of State, No. 99 (Revenue), dated 20th October 1892, regarding the consumption of ganja in India.

RESOLUTION.—In the despatch recited in the preamble, Her Majesty's Secretary of State informed the Government of India that, in answer to a

question put in the House of Commons, he had expressed his willingness to request the Government of India to appoint a Commission to enquire into the cultivation of the hemp plant in Bengal, the preparation of drugs from it, the trade in those drugs, the effect of their consumption upon the social and moral condition of the people, and the desirability of prohibiting the growth of the plant and the sale of ganja and allied drugs. In accordance with the announcement thus made, Lord Kimberley requested the Government of India to appoint a Commission for the purposes stated, and to issue such instructions as would ensure that the enquiry should be thorough and complete. His Lordship is of opinion that the investigation can hardly be confined to Bengal, but should extend to the whole of India, and that the Commission should be instructed to ascertain to what extent the existence of the hemp plant all over India affects the practical difficulty of checking or stopping the consumption of ganja as distinguished from other narcotic drugs prepared from the hemp plant, and whether there is ground for the statement that bhang is less injurious than ganja to consumers.

2. In accordance with these instructions, His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint a Commission to conduct the enquiry desired by the Secretary of State. The following gentlemen are appointed to form the Commission:

President:

The Hon'ble W. Mackworth Young, M.A., C.S.I., First Financial Commissioner, Punjab.

Members:

1. Mr. H. T. Ommanney, Collector, Panch Mahals, Bombay.
2. Mr. A. H. L. Fraser, M.A., Commissioner, Chattisgarh Division, Central Provinces.
3. Surgeon-Major C. J. H. Warden, Professor of Chemistry, Medical College, and Chemical Examiner to Government, Calcutta, Officiating Medical Storekeeper to Government, Calcutta.
4. Raja Soshi Sikhareswar Roy, of Tahirpore, Bengal.
5. Kanwar Harnam Singh, Ahluwalia, C.I.E., Punjab.
6. Lala Nihal Chand, of Muzaffarnagar, North-Western Provinces.

3. His Excellency the Governor General in Council desires that the enquiry should be thorough and searching, but he leaves to the Commission full discretion to determine the best means of securing that result. Certain instructions are given in the following paragraphs; but these are not intended to be exhaustive, and the Commission have full authority to take up any branch of enquiry which in their opinion is likely to elucidate the subject and to aid the Government of India and the Secretary of State in deciding on the policy to be adopted in regard to hemp drugs.

4. It is desirable that the Commission should visit and take evidence in all or most of the Provinces of India: there are political objections to their holding sittings in Native States; but any information similar to that required regarding British India, which can be obtained regarding Native States, should be included in the Report.

5. The Commission should ascertain with as much precision as possible the extent to which the hemp plant is cultivated in each of the Provinces of India in which it is grown. They should collect full information as to the manner in which the plant is cultivated for the production of drugs and the methods of preparing the manufactured drug from the raw product, whether of the wild or the domesticated plant. Little is known at present as to the extent to which the wild plant can be used for the preparation of drugs, whether in the milder or the more noxious forms. This point has an important bearing on the possibility of introducing restrictive measures, and will require careful investigation. Full particulars should be obtained regarding all the different forms of the drug which are commonly used, especially ganja, charas, and bhang; and regarding the classes of the people by whom, and the extent to which, each is used. The physical and other effects of the use of hemp drugs should be thoroughly investigated, each variety of the drug being separately treated, so far as that can be conveniently done. In conducting this branch of the enquiry, the Commissioners should avail themselves freely of the evidence of medical

experts. They should endeavour to ascertain what proportion of the population habitually consumes hemp drugs, and should thoroughly examine the testimony in support of the commonly received opinion that the use of hemp drugs is a frequent cause of lunacy. They should ascertain whether, and in what form, the consumption of the drugs is either harmless or even beneficial, as has occasionally been maintained.

6. Full information should be compiled regarding the administrative arrangements in force in each Province for controlling the growth of the plant, the manufacture and sale of the drugs, and their importation from other Provinces or from Native States, and for imposing duties on cultivation and sale. It is understood that charas is imported into the Punjab on a considerable scale from foreign territory, and the question of the importation of hemp drugs generally from foreign territory should receive the special attention of the Commission. The various systems employed for taxing the drug or the cultivation of the plant should be reviewed with especial reference to the comparative incidence of this taxation in different parts of India and to the comparative efficacy of the taxation imposed in restricting consumption, whether by the mere weight of the tax or by the method and stage of imposition. It is known that the rates vary considerably in different Provinces, but the precise effect of the variations is not fully understood. In this connection the Commissioners should notice any case in which the proximity of a Native State affects the production or consumption of the drug in British territory.

7. There are two points connected with the subject-matter of the enquiry which call for special investigation. The first of these is the danger lest prohibition or restrictive measures of a stringent character may give rise to serious discontent, and be resented by the people as an unjustifiable interference with long-established social customs. In some parts of India the use of hemp drugs is, it is believed, common among fakirs and ascetics held in veneration by large classes of the population. In Bengal it has been stated that an infusion of the leaves of the plant is commonly offered to every guest and member of the family on the last day of the Durga Puja: it has no ill-effects, and its use is not considered reprehensible in any way. The Governor General in Council desires that the Commissioners will endeavour to ascertain to what extent these and similar customs prevail in Bengal and other parts of India, and how far the use of hemp drugs forms a part of social or possibly religious, ceremonial, or observance, and they should, if possible, take the evidence of witnesses drawn from the classes among whom the use of hemp drugs is chiefly prevalent. The Commissioners should state their opinion whether the prohibition of the use of hemp drugs, or any restrictive measures which they may deem practicable, would be likely to give rise to political discontent in any parts of India or among any classes of the population. It is believed that in some parts of the country bhang is in a special degree the poor man's narcotic, and the possible unpopularity of a measure which would deprive the very poorest of the population of the use of a narcotic to which they have always been accustomed should not be overlooked.

8. Another point to which the attention of the Commissioners should be directed is the probability or possibility that if the use of hemp drugs is prohibited, those who would otherwise continue to use them may be driven to have recourse to alcohol, or to other stimulants or narcotics which may be more deleterious.

9. Finally, the Governor General in Council requests that the Commissioners, if they should be of opinion that the prohibition of the consumption of any hemp drug should not, or could not, be enforced, will indicate, for the consideration of the Government of India, any reforms and improvements which their investigations may lead them to recommend in the existing arrangements of each Province for controlling the cultivation of the hemp plant, and the manufacture, sale, and taxation of hemp drugs. In framing their recommendations regard should, of course, be had to the considerations which have been stated in paragraphs 7 and 8 of this Resolution. Absolute prohibition or repressive measures of a stringent nature may involve inquisitorial proceedings of an unpopular character, and afford opportunities for the levy of blackmail; and in framing regulations for the prohibition or for the restriction of the use of hemp drugs these considerations should be borne in mind.

If the Commission should be of opinion that the cultivation of the hemp plant for the production of drugs or the consumption of any hemp drug should be absolutely prohibited, it will be their duty to state the regulations which should be adopted for this purpose.

10. All Local Governments and Administrations have been requested to render every assistance to the Commission, to collect and place at its disposal whatever information may be available, and to make to the Commission any suggestions regarding the enquiry which local knowledge and experience may suggest.

11. The Governor General in Council directs that the Commission shall assemble in Calcutta on the 1st August 1893.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations for information, and with special reference to paragraph 10 of the Resolution.

Ordered also, that a copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the President and to each Member of the Commission.

Ordered further, that the Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

POST OFFICE.

Contracts for Steam Service.

No. 2807-*S. R.*

The 6th July, 1893.

ORDER—By the Government of India, Finance and Commerce Department.

Read—

The Mail Ships Act, 1891, being an Act to enable Her Majesty in Council to carry into effect Conventions which may be made with foreign countries respecting ships engaged in Postal Service.

Read also—

Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 110 (Financial), dated the 8th June 1893, forwarding copy of the Order of Her Majesty in Council of the 16th May 1893, entitled "The Mail Ships (France) Order in Council (India), 1893," extending, subject to certain modifications and exceptions, the provisions of the Mail Ships Act, 1891, to India.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the Act, together with the Despatch and the Order in Council, be published in the *Gazette of India*.

Ordered also, that copies be sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Bengal, and to the Chief Commissioner of Burma.

MAIL SHIPS ACT, 1891.

[54 & 55 VICTORIA, CHAPTER 31.]

An Act to enable Her Majesty in Council to carry into effect Conventions which may be made with Foreign Countries respecting Ships engaged in Postal Service.

[21ST JULY, 1891.]

BE it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

Application of Act by Order in Council.

1. (*1*) Where Her Majesty the Queen has made a convention with a Foreign State respecting the postal service between such Foreign State and the United Kingdom, or respecting the privileges of mail ships, that is to say, ships engaged in any postal service of such Foreign State or of any part of Her Majesty's dominions, it shall be lawful for Her

Majesty in Council to order that this Act shall, and this Act shall accordingly, subject to any conditions, exceptions and qualifications contained in the Order, apply during the continuance of the Order as regards such Convention and Foreign State and the postal service and mail ships described in the Convention; and where by virtue of any such Order this Act or any section thereof applies as regards any Convention, Foreign State, postal service or mail ship, the same is in this Act referred to as a Convention, Foreign State, postal service or mail ship to which this Act or section applies.

(2) The Order shall recite or embody the terms of the Convention, and may be varied or revoked by Order in Council, but shall not continue in force for any longer period than the Convention.

(3) Every Order in Council under this Act shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament forthwith after it is made, or, if Parliament be not then sitting, after the then next meeting of Parliament, and shall also be notified in the *London Gazette*, and published under the authority of Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

Conveyance of letters by crew or passengers of mail ships forbidden.

2. (1) Where this section applies to a Convention with a Foreign State, the master of a British mail ship to which this section applies when carrying mails to or from any port of the Foreign State, and the master of a mail ship of the Foreign State to which this section applies when carrying mails to or from any port of the United Kingdom, shall not, nor shall any person on board the ship, whether a passenger or belonging to the ship or any other person, convey in the ship for delivery to another person in the Foreign State or United Kingdom, as the case may be, any letter, other than the letters contained in mail bags entrusted to the master by a postal officer of the United Kingdom or of any Foreign State, or than the despatches sent by the Government either of the United Kingdom or of any Foreign State.

(2) If a person on board such ship acts in contravention of this section, or refuses or fails on demand to give up to a postal officer, or, if such person is not the master, to the master, any letter so conveyed by him, he shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

(3) It shall be the duty of the master of the ship to secure the observance of this section by all persons on board the ship, and to inform the proper authorities at the port at which the ship arrives of any breach of this section by any of those persons, and if he wilfully fails to perform that duty, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds.

(4) Provided that a person shall not be liable under this section to a fine for any offence for which he has been punished by the law of the Foreign State.

(5) Nothing in this section shall apply to any letters which, if sent from the United Kingdom, would be exempted from the exclusive privilege of the Postmaster-General under the Act of the session of the seventh year of King William the Fourth and the first of Her present Majesty, chapter thirty-three, intituled "An Act for the management of the Post Office." 7 Will., Vict., c.

Regulation as to giving of security for ships engaged in postal service.

3. (1) Where the owner of any ships, British or foreign, applies to the High Court in England, and

(a) produces a certificate of a Secretary of State that such owner is subsidised for the execution of any postal service within the meaning of a Convention with a Foreign State to which this Act applies by reason of receiving from the Foreign State or from the Government of the United Kingdom or of a British Possession a *bonâ fide* subsidy for the postal service mentioned in the certificate, and

(b) produces sufficient evidence of the nature of the said service and the number of, and the prescribed particulars respecting, the ships engaged therein, and

(c) gives notice of the application to the Board of Trade,

the High Court, after hearing the owner, and the Board of Trade if they wish to be heard, shall fix the nature and amount of the security which the owner ought to place under the control of the Court for the purposes of this Act as respects the ships engaged in that postal service, and fix the maximum number and tonnage of the ships to which the security is to apply.

(2) The security shall be the bond of the owner guaranteed either—

(a) by the personal security of a surety, accompanied by an adequate real security given by the surety; or

(b) by the payment or transfer into Court of cash or of securities of the Government of the United Kingdom.

(3) If the owner gives such security to the satisfaction of the High Court, then so long as the security is maintained and is sufficient to the satisfaction of the Court, and the number and tonnage of the ships for the time being actually engaged in carrying mails for the postal service in respect of which the security is given does not exceed the number and tonnage of the ships to which the security applies, the ships actually engaged in carrying mails for the said service shall be deemed to be exempted mail ships, and be entitled to the exemptions and privileges given by this Act to exempted mail ships; and the Board of Trade shall give the prescribed notices for informing the arresting authorities that the ships actually engaged in carrying the mails for the said postal service are exempted mail ships.

(4) Notice of every application respecting any security given in pursuance of this section shall be given to the Board of Trade.

(5) If at any time it appears to the Board of Trade that a security given as respects ships engaged in any postal service is from any cause (whether pending claims, variation of the conditions of the service, or otherwise) insufficient, the Board of Trade shall apply to the High Court, and that Court, if satisfied of such insufficiency, shall require the security to be made

sufficient to the satisfaction of the Court within a reasonabe time, and direct that in default the ships engaged in the postal service shall cease to be exempted mail ships, and that the Board of Trade shall give the prescribed notices for informing the arresting authorities of such cesser.

(6) The amount and nature of the security may be varied and the whole security may be withdrawn, and the income of the security may be disposed of by order of the High Court from time to time on such application either of the shipowners or of the Board of Trade, or of any person appearing to be interested, and in such manner and after such notice, and upon such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by rules of Court, or, so far as the rules do not extend, as the Court may think just.

(7) Provided that before the security is actually withdrawn the High Court shall be satisfied—

(a) that the prescribed notice of the order for withdrawal has been given to the arresting authorities; and

(b) that there is no pending claim for the purposes of which the security may be required;

and upon the prescribed notice of the order for withdrawal being given to an arresting authority, the ships shall, as respects that authority, cease, after the date specified in the notice, to be exempted ships.

(8) Rules of Court may be made for carrying this section into effect, and in particular for regulating the nature, amount and value of the security to be given, and the mode of giving security, and of giving notices to the arresting authorities, and for providing for the evidence of the exemption of ships under this section, and for the information to be given from time to time to the High Court respecting the ships to which the security applies and for the jurisdiction of the High Court under this Act being exercised in chambers.

Arrest and execution of process on board exempted mail ships.

4. (1) Where this section applies to a Convention with a Foreign State, and an exempted mail ship to which this section applies is in a port in the United Kingdom, no person shall be arrested without warrant on board such ship, and before any process, civil or criminal, authorising the arrest of any person who is on board such ship is executed against that person, the following provisions of this section shall be observed; that is to say,—

(a) written notice of the intention to arrest a person who is, or is suspected to be, on board the ship, stating the hour at which, if necessary, the ship will be searched, shall, if it is a ship of a Foreign State and there is at the port a consulate of that State, be left at the consulate, addressed to the consular officer:

(b) it shall be the duty of the master upon demand, if the said person is on board his ship, to enable the proper officer to arrest him:

(c) if the officer is unable to arrest the said person, he may, but if it is a foreign ship, only after the expiration of such time after notice was left at the consulate as is specified in the Convention, search the ship for such person, and if he is found may arrest him.

(2) The ship may be delayed for the purposes of this section for the time specified in the Convention, but not for any longer time.

(3) If the master of a ship refuses to permit a search of the ship in accordance with this section, any officer of Customs may detain the ship, and such master shall be liable to a fine of five hundred pounds.

(4) This section shall apply to the arrest of the master in like manner as in the case of any other person.

Exemption from seizure of exempted mail ship.

5. (1) An exempted mail ship to which this section applies shall not, subject as in this Act mentioned, be liable to be arrested or detained by any arresting authority either for the purpose of founding jurisdiction in any Court of Admiralty, or of enforcing the payment of any damages, fine, debt, or other claim or sum, or enforcing any forfeiture whether arising from the misconduct of the master or any of the crew or otherwise, but every Court of the United Kingdom by the process of which the ship could have been under the circumstances arrested or detained shall have the same jurisdiction as if the ship had been so arrested or detained, and any legal proceeding in relation to any such matter as aforesaid may be commenced by such service in the United Kingdom of any writ or process as may be prescribed by rules of Court: and the High Court on application shall, in accordance with rules of Court, cause the security to be applied in discharge of any such damages, fine, debt, claim, sum or forfeiture.

(2) Provided that nothing in this section shall render invalid the arrest or detention of a ship before the prescribed notice has been given to the arresting authority, but such authority, on proof that the ship is an exempted mail ship, shall release the ship. Where the Commissioners of Customs, in pursuance of any Act or as a condition of waiving any forfeiture, require a deposit to be made by any exempted mail ship to which this section applies, the amount of such deposit shall, on notice from the Commissioners of Customs, and without any further proceeding, be set apart out of the security as money belonging to the said Commissioners, and shall be paid and applied as they direct, and any rules of Court relating to such notice, payment or application shall be made with the consent of the Treasury.

Application of Act to public ships.

6. (1) Where the Convention with a foreign State provides that any provisions of the Convention similar to those contained in this Act shall in any cases apply to a public ship of a Foreign State when employed as a mail ship, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty the Queen to agree that the like provisions shall apply to a public ship of Her Majesty in the like cases when employed as a mail ship, and to give effect to such agreement.

(2) An order in Council applying this Act as regards a Convention with a Foreign State may, if it seems to Her Majesty in Council to be consistent with the Convention so to do, apply this Act as regards a public ship of that Foreign State when employed as a mail ship in the

cases authorised by the Convention; and this Act shall apply accordingly as if such ship were an exempted mail ship belonging to a private owner and any person may be arrested on board such ship accordingly.

Legal proceedings.

7. (1) Every fine under this Act, if exceeding fifty pounds, may be recovered by action in the High Court in England or Ireland or in the Court of Session in Scotland, and the Court in which it is recovered may reduce the amount of such fine, and a fine under this Act not exceeding fifty pounds may be recovered on summary conviction, provided that every offence for which a fine exceeding fifty pounds can be imposed under this Act may be prosecuted on summary conviction, but the fine imposed on such conviction shall not exceed fifty pounds.

(2) In the case of a summary conviction, any person who thinks himself aggrieved by such conviction may appeal to quarter sessions. In Scotland such person may appeal in manner provided by the Summary Prosecutions Appeals (Scotland) Act, 1875.

38 & 39 Vict., c. 62.

(3) Service of any summons or other matter in any legal proceeding under this Act shall be good service if made by leaving the summons for the person to be served on board the ship to which he belongs with the person being or appearing to be master of the ship.

(4) If a fine under this Act imposed on the master of a ship is not paid, and cannot be recovered out of any security given in pursuance of this Act, the Court may, in addition to any other power for enforcing payment of the fine, direct the amount to be levied by distress or poinding and sale of the ship, her tackle, furniture or apparel. An officer of Customs in detaining a ship or releasing a ship after detention in pursuance of this Act shall act upon such requisition or authority and under such regulations as the Commissioners of Customs may make with the consent of the Treasury.

Application of Act to British Possessions.

8. (1) An Order in Council may, for the purpose of a Convention with a Foreign State, apply this Act, subject to any exceptions or modifications not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, to any British Possession, and this Act, when so applied, shall, subject to those exceptions and modifications, and subject as hereinafter mentioned, have effect as if it were re-enacted with the substitution of such British Possession for the United Kingdom;

Provided that before it is applied to any British Possession named in the schedule to this Act, the Government of such Pessession shall have adhered to the Convention.

(2) Where this Act applies to a British Possession, it shall not be necessary for the owner of any mail ship to give security in any Court in that Possession, and the provisions of this Act with respect to the jurisdiction of any Court of the United Kingdom, other than any jurisdiction relating to the application of the security, shall apply as if a Court in the British Possession were substituted for a Court of the United Kingdom.

(3) It shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make rules for carrying into effect, as respects British Possessions, the provisions of this Act with respect to the security given by mail ships, and in particular with respect to the commencement of a legal proceeding by service of a writ or process in the Possession, and to the notices to be given to arresting authorities in the Possession, and the evidence to be receivable by such authorities of the security having been given or withdrawn, and the application of the security in discharge of any damages, fine, debt, claim, sum or forfeiture, where the same are or is recovered or payable either in the British Possession, or under proceedings pending concurrently in that British Possession and in any other British Possession or the United Kingdom.

(4) If by any law made either before or after the passing of this Act by the Legislature of any British Possession provision is made for carrying into effect within such Possession any Convention to which this Act applies, Her Majesty in Council may suspend the operation within such Possession of this Act or of any part thereof so far as it relates to such Convention, and so long as such law continues in force there, or direct that such law or any part thereof shall have effect in such British Possession with or without modifications and alterations as if it were part of this Act.

Definitions.

9. In this Act—

the expression "mail bag" means a mail of letters, or a box, or parcel, or any other envelope in which post letters within the meaning of the Acts relating to the Post Office are conveyed;

the expression "subsidy" includes a payment for the performance of a contract;

the expression "master of a ship" includes any person in charge of a ship, whether commander, mate or any other person;

the expression "ship of a Foreign State" means a ship entitled to sail under the flag of a Foreign State;

the expression "arresting authority" means any Court, authority or officer having power to arrest or detain a ship, or to arrest a person on board a ship, or to order such arrest or detention, or to order the execution of any process, civil or criminal, for the arrest of a person on board any ship;

the expression "postal officer" means any person employed in the business of the Post Office of the United Kingdom or a British Possession or Foreign State, as the case may be, whether employed by the Postmaster General or the chief of the Post Office of the British Possession, or the chief of the Post Office of the Foreign State or by any person under him, or on behalf of any such Post Office.

Short title.

10. This Act may be cited as the Mail Ships Act, 1891.

SCHEDULE.

British Possessions to which Act is applicable only upon the Government adhering to Convention.

British India.	Western Australia.
Dominion of Canada.	Queensland.
Newfoundland.	Tasmania.
New South Wales.	New Zealand.
Victoria.	Cape of Good Hope.
South Australia.	Natal.

FINANCIAL,
No. 110.

INDIA OFFICE;
London, 8th June, 1893.

To His Excellency the Most Honourable the Governor General of India in Council.

MY LORD MARQUIS,—In continuation of my Despatch, dated the 6th of April last, No. 79, I forward, for the information of your Government, ten copies of the Order of Her Majesty in Council of the 16th of May 1893, entitled "the Mail Ships (France) Order in Council (India), 1893."

I have, &c.,
KIMBERLEY.

AT THE COURT AT WINDSOR.

The 16th day of May, 1893.

PRESENT:

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Marquess of Ripon.

Mr. Secretary Asquith.

Whereas on the thirtieth day of August 1890 a Convention was made at London between Her Majesty and the President of the French Republic respecting the postal service between France and the French possessions and the United Kingdom and British possessions;

And whereas the ratifications of the said Convention were exchanged on the 23rd March 1891;

And whereas by "the Mail Ships (France) Order in Council, 1892," "The Mail Ships Act, 1891," is applied during the continuance of that Order as regards the said Convention, and as regards the French Republic and the postal service and mail ships described in that Convention;

And whereas by section 8 of the said Act it is provided that an Order in Council may, for the purpose of a Convention with a foreign State, apply the said Act, subject to any exceptions or modifications not inconsistent with the provisions of the said Act, to any British possession, and that the said Act, when so applied, should, subject to those exceptions and modifications, and subject as thereinafter mentioned, have effect as if it were re-enacted with the substitution of such British possession for the United Kingdom, provided that, before it should be applied to any British possession named in the Schedule to the said Act, the Government of such possession should have adhered to the Convention;

And whereas the Government of India, one of the possessions named in the Schedule to the said Act, has adhered to the said Convention, and it is expedient that the said Act should, for the purposes of the said Convention, apply to India, subject to the exceptions and modifications in this Order contained:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by "The Mail Ships Act, 1891," or otherwise in Her Majesty vested, is pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. "The Mail Ships Act, 1891," shall, for the purpose of the said Convention, apply to India, subject to the provisions of section 8 of the said Act, and also to the exceptions and modifications following, that is to say—

(1) The expression "Officer of Customs" means an officer of Customs authorized under "The Sea Customs Act, 1878," or other Law for the time being regulating sea customs in India.

(2) The provisions of the said Act as to the amount of fines shall be read as if the amounts were stated in rupees at the rate of 10 rupees to the pound sterling.

(3) In lieu of sub-sections 1 and 2 of section 7 of the said Act, the following provisions shall be substituted, that is to say—

Every fine under the said Act, if exceeding 500 rupees, may be recovered by suit in the principal Civil Court having original jurisdiction in the place in which the person liable to the fine may be found.

A fine under the said Act not exceeding 500 rupees may be recovered by criminal proceedings before a Presidency Magistrate, or Magistrate of the First Class, having jurisdiction in the place in which the person liable to the fine may be found: provided that (*a*) every offence for which a fine exceeding 500 rupees can be imposed uuder the said Act may be prosecuted before such Magistrate, but the fine imposed on such conviction shall not exceed 500 rupees; and (*b*) in every case of conviction and fine by a

Magistrate there shall be an appeal to the same Court as in other cases of fine of such amount as, under the Law for the time being in force in India, to give a right of appeal.

Every Court, whether of original or appellate jurisdiction, may reduce the amount of any fine.

(4) The Regulations required to be made under sub-section 4 of section 7 of the said Act by the Commissioners of Customs with the consent of the Treasury shall in India be made by the Governor General in Council.

(5) Section 5 of the said Act, so far as relates to the Commissioners of Customs, shall not apply to India.

2. The said Act shall apply as regards any public ship of the French Republic when employed as a mail ship in the cases authorised by Article V of the said Convention.

3. This Order may be cited as "The Mail Ships (France) Order in Council (India), 1893."

And the Right Honourable the Earl of Rosebery, K.G., and the Right Honourable the Earl of Kimberley, K.G., two of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. L. Peel.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th July, 1893.

APPOINTMENTS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 646.—Lieutenant G. Moberly, Indian Staff Corps, 8th Madras Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 12th May 1893. (Joined his appointment on the 19th June 1893.)

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 647.—*4th Infantry*—

Captain A. Adye, Indian Staff Corps, wing commander and second-in-command, 6th Infantry, to be commandant, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel J. G. Proudfoot, Indian Staff Corps, whose tenure of appointment has expired. Dated 1st July 1893.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 648.—Lieutenant John Stuart Mackenzie Shea, Royal Irish Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 15th Bengal Lancers, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 24th November 1891, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 649.—Second-Lieutenant Charles Henry Alexander, Northamptonshire Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 6th Bombay Cavalry, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 12th October 1891, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Alexander will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 650.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Captain and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel A. G. B. Ternan, Indian Staff Corps, commandant, 42nd Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) for four months.

Lieutenant F. G. C. Humfrey, Indian Staff Corps, 12th Bengal Cavalry, (m. c.) for four months.

Lieutenant L. A. Forbes, Indian Staff Corps, 39th Bengal Infantry, (m. c.) till the 2nd November 1893.

Lieutenant J. J. H. Eckford, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 1st Bengal Infantry, (p. a.) for six months.

Lieutenant R. E. Chaplin, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 8th Bengal Cavalry, (p. a.) for three months.

No. 651.—Major F. T. N. Spratt, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 1st grade, Military Works Department, is granted an extension of leave to the 28th February 1893.

No. 652.—Colonel N. F. Parker, General List, Infantry, Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to reside out of India on vacation of appointment under Article 738 (*c*), Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 653.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 13th June, 1893, pages 3386 and 3387.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 13th June, 1893.

* * * * * * * * *

Staff.—Colonel H. F. Grant, C.B., from Assistant Adjutant-General in India, to be

Inspector-General of Cavalry in India, with the local rank of Major-General whilst so employed, *vice* Major-General G. Luck, C.B., who has vacated that appointment. Dated 1st April 1893.

* * * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

The promotions to the rank of Lieutenant of the undermentioned Second-Lieutenants are cancelled, those officers having been transferred to the Indian Staff Corps with anterior dates:

C. M. Carter, the Suffolk Regiment.

J. H. Peck, the Royal Dublin Fusiliers.

H. A. K. Gough, the Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regiment).

A. F. Ferguson-Davie, the Royal Scots (Lothian Regiment).

The undermentioned Deputy Assistant Commissaries, Bombay establishment, are granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 14th December 1892:

Robert Dickie.

George Henry Johnson.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 654.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 6th July, 1893.

Francis Grant Maltby.

Henry Doveton Hutchinson.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 655.—*15th Bengal Infantry*—

Subadar Wazir Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Gurdatt Singh to be Subadar, and Color-Havildar Kesar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhag Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st April 1893.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 656.—*4th Sikh Infantry*—

Havildar Kapúr Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bishn Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd June 1893.

REWARDS.

GOOD CONDUCT MEDALS.

No. 657.—The following corrections are made in G. G. O. No. 566 of 1893:

Under the heading Medals inscribed for "Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity.

For "No. 1039, Sowar Kharkir, 9th Bengal Lancers," *read* "No. 1039, Sowar Kharku, 9th Bengal Lancers."

For "No. 151, Lance-Dafadar Aggu Ram, 16th Bengal Cavalry," *read* "No. 151, Lance-Dafadar Aggee Ram, 16th Bengal Cavalry."

For "No. 2459, Naick Bíru-Pún, 1st Battalion, 1st Gurkha Rifles," *read* "No. 2459, Sepoy Bíru Pún, 1st Battalion, 1st Gurkha Rifles."

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 658.—*Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles*—

Crawford Warren, Gentleman, to be Surgeon-Lieutenant, *vice* Hawkins, resigned.

No. 659.—*Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Peter Andrew Fox, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* Herne, transferred to the supernumerary list.

No. 660.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

James John Digges LaTouche, Esquire, to be Lieutenant-Colonel-Commandant, *vice* Woodburn, resigned.

No. 661.—*Oudh Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

In G. G. O. No. 594 of 1893, *for* "Alexander Muirhead, Gentleman, to be Second-Lieutenant," *read* "Alexander Muirhead, Gentleman, to be Lieutenant."

PROMOTIONS.

No. 662.—*Surma Valley Light Horse*—

Captain Alfred Allen to be Major, with effect from the 19th May 1893, *vice* Sheffield, resigned.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 7th July, 1893.

Under clause 25 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned commissioned officer on the date specified was received in the Military Department between the 1st and the 7th July 1893:

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Royal Artillery	Lieutenant St. L. L. N. Nott	23rd June 1893	Agra.		

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd July, 1893.

No. 253.—*Corrigendum.*—In Public Works Department Notification No. 195, dated 15th May 1893, *for* "Mr. J. G. Maclean" *read* "Mr. F. C. Oram."

No. 254.—Mr. J. G. Maclean, Traffic Inspector, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Traffic Superintendent during the absence of Mr. C. E. Stanley Assistant Traffic Superintendent, on privilege leave, or until further orders.

The 4th July, 1893.

No. 255.—Mr. E. N. Homan, Storekeeper, Class II, Grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Port Storekeeper, State Railway Department, Calcutta, during the absence of Mr. J. H. L. Patterson on privilege leave, or until further orders.

The 5th July, 1893.

No. 257.—The following is published for general information :

No. 1712-G., dated 29th June, 1893.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

Completion of the bridge over the Kistna river at Bezvada.

OBSERVATIONS.—This bridge, which forms a portion of the East Coast Railway, connects that line and His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed Railway system north of the Kistna with the Bellary-Kistna metre gauge railway south of that river at Bezvada. Provision has been made both for standard and metre gauge lines crossing the bridge in order to accommodate the possible future extension of the East Coast Railway to Madras, and to afford access for the metre gauge railway into Bezvada. A roadway for ordinary traffic is carried at the same level as the rails. The site finally selected for the bridge is about half a mile below the anicut, where the course of the river is fixed by two hills flanking the anicut.

The bridge itself consists of 12 spans of 300 feet girders, carried on piers 50 feet high, which are founded on double hexagonal wells, of the type used in the bridge over the Chenab at Shershah, sunk to an average depth of 80 feet, and was estimated to cost Rs. 42,70,000. The girder work especially has been erected expeditiously and cheaply, nine spans weighing 4,500 tons being erected in the short space of four months.

Work was commenced in August 1890, and the bridge was opened by His Excellency the Governor of Madras on 17th March 1893 ; so that the time occupied in construction was only 2½ years.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council desires to record his appreciation of the successful manner in which this important work has been carried out and of the rapidity and cheapness with which the work has been executed, which reflects the highest credit on the officers and subordinates employed.

2. His Excellency in Council desires specially to recognise the services of Mr. F. J. E. Spring, L.C.E., M.I.C.E., Engineer-in-Chief, and Mr. E. W. Digby, the Engineer in charge.

The services of the foremen and of the subordinate native employés on the bridge have been rewarded by the grant of bonuses under the sanction of the Government of India.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Director General of Railways for information and communication to the officers concerned, and that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

No. 258.—Mr. D. B. Horn, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintending Engineer during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. Connan, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank, or until further orders.

The 7th July, 1893.

No. 259.—The services of Lieutenant E. H. de V. Atkinson, R.E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, temporary rank, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st April 1893.

No. 260.—Mr. F. F. Bion, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Burma, is transferred to the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

No. 261.—Mr. J. M. F. Petters, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is transferred to Burma.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 3rd July, 1893.

No. 256.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following amendment, with effect from the 1st day of July 1893, in the rules for Inland telegrams published by Gazette Notification, Public Works Department, No. 214 of 10th June 1891:

To Rule 28 the following shall be added, namely,—

"(13) An Officer Commanding a force in the field: Provided that, if such officer shall not hold the rank of a General Officer, the power shall be limited to the case of messages for despatch to the head-quarters of the Local Government or Administration within whose jurisdiction the force is operating."

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1893.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PUBLIC DEBT.

No. 2984.

The 14th July, 1893.

The Governor General in Council has determined to borrow three hundred and fifty lakhs of Rupees, being the amount required for the public service.

The following Notification is therefore published:

THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 1893-94.

His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor General in Council has resolved to borrow three hundred and fifty lakhs of rupees for the public service in the following manner:

2. Promissory Notes will be issued for the said amount, bearing interest at the rate of three and a half per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the 30th day of June and 31st day of December. The notes will be in Form A annexed to this Notification, and they will not be discharged without a previous notice of three months to be published in the Government Gazette.

3. Tenders for the whole or any part of the said amount of R3,50,00,000 will be received by the Comptroller General from this date to noon of Tuesday, the 15th August next. Tenders must be in sums of 500 Rupees or multiples of 500 Rupees.

4. Each tender must be addressed, in the form annexed to this Notification, to the Comptroller General, Calcutta, and enclosed in a closed cover, superscribed "*Tender for the Three and a half Per Cent. Loan.*" If the tenderer is not resident in India, he must name an agent resident in India to whom an allotment certificate may be issued, if any part of the loan is allotted to such tenderer.[1]

(*a*) Each tender must be accompanied by a receipt from the Head Office of the Bank of Bengal, or Madras, or Bombay, or one of their Branches, or from an officer in charge of some Public Treasury, or by a cheque drawn

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[1] Tenders made in accordance with these instructions will also be received by the Accountants General, Madras and Bombay, on account of the Comptroller General, Calcutta, on the 14th August and up to 11-30 or 11 o'clock local time respectively (corresponding with 12 o'clock in Calcutta) on the 15th August; provided that—

(*a*) they are delivered personally or by clerk or messenger at the Accountant General's Office (where a receipt will be given for them);

(*b*) they are made on printed Forms, to be obtained at the same office or at the local Presidency Bank;

(*c*) each tender is for not less than R10,000;

(*d*) that the deposit is either a promissory note or a Treasury Receipt from the Head Office of the local Presidency Bank, or a cheque on a local Bank in Madras or Bombay in favour of the Accountant General, Madras or Bombay, respectively;

(*e*) that the amount of the tender is made payable either in Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay;

and the Accountant General will return deposits on non-accepted tenders, and will issue allotment-certificates so far as the tenders are payable in Madras or Bombay.

in favour of the Comptroller General on a Bank in Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or by[1] Government Promissory Notes standing in the name of or endorsed to the tenderer or the person making the deposit for not less than one-hundredth, or, if the tender be for less than Five Lakhs of Rupees, then for not less than one-fiftieth part of the tender.

(*b*) Deposits, not being promissory notes, will, in the case of accepted tenders, be credited proportionally in part payment of the allotment-certificates issued in respect of the tender, and will bear interest for the purpose of clause 14 below from the date of the opening of tenders. When a tender is not accepted in full, the deposits, when they are not in the form of promissory notes, will be credited as far as possible proportionately in even tens of rupees in part payment of the allotment-certificates issued in respect of it. If any allotment-certificate is not fully taken up, the deposit credited in respect of it will be forfeited.

(*c*) Promissory notes deposited in respect of any accepted tender will be held until all the allotment-certificates issued in respect of the tender are paid up, and will, if the allotment-certificates are not fully taken up, be appropriated by the Government and cancelled; provided that the notes of the 4½ per cent. loans of 1878 and 1879 advertised for discharge by Notification No. 2985 of this date may, if the depositors so desire, be credited, as far as possible, proportionately in payment of the allotment-certificates issued in respect of the tender with which they were deposited, the amount so credited, however, bearing interest only from the 14th October 1893 (the interest up to 13th October being paid separately as provided in the above quoted Notification).

5. The rate at which a tender is made must not contain a fraction of an anna: if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

6. The rate at which each tender is made must be specified in rupees or rupees and annas: a tender in which no rate is thus specified, but a subscription is offered in some other terms—as, for example, at the recorded minimum, or at some specified percentage in addition to the recorded minimum, or at the average of the accepted tenders—will be rejected as null and void.

7. The minimum rate at which tenders will be accepted will be recorded under the signature of the Comptroller General, and, before the tenders are opened, placed upon the table in a sealed envelope, but will not be declared unless some tender is rejected only because it is below the recorded minimum.

8. Tenders will be opened publicly by the Comptroller General at the Treasury Buildings, Calcutta, at noon (Calcutta time), on Tuesday, the 15th August next, and those received under the terms of the footnote under clause 4 will be similarly opened by the Accountant General, Madras, at 11-30 (Madras time), and by the Accountant General, Bombay, at 11 o'clock (Bombay time), on the same day; but the contents of the tenders will not be disclosed otherwise than as provided in clause 10.

9. Tenders at the recorded minimum rate and at rates above the recorded minimum rate will be accepted in the order of the rates tendered, beginning with the highest rate; the amount allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders; provided that no allotment will be issued if the amount distributable on any tender is less than R500.

10. To each tenderer (or to his agent) whose tender is accepted in whole or in part such number of allotment-certificates as may be necessary to make up the aggregate amount allotted to him will be issued by the Comptroller General[2] as soon as possible after the 15th August; and an alphabetical list of the names of those to whom such allotment-certificates are issued will be posted for general information at the Head Offices of the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay.

11. If the allotment made on any tender is less than R3,000, then the whole of the allotment-certificates (after credit of the deposit under clause 4 (*b*)) will be made payable upon the 26th September.

Otherwise the whole amount of each allotment will be divided into three instalments as follows:

Instalment I.—As near as convenient to 35 per cent., but not exceeding 35 per cent., payable upon the 29th August:

[1] *It is particularly requested that such Promissory Notes may NOT be endorsed to the Comptroller General.*

[2] For tenders received by the Accountant General, Madras or Bombay, and payable at those places, the Accountant General will issue the allotment-certificates.

Instalment II.—As near as convenient to 35 per cent., but not exceeding 35 per cent., payable upon the 26th September:

Instalment III.—The balance payable upon the 14th October:

and allotment-certificates will be issued for each instalment separately.

But the whole or any part of any accepted tender may be paid at any time after receipt of the allotment-certificates.

The words "as near as convenient" refer to the necessity for making each instalment an exact multiple of ₹500.

12. Any allotment-certificate will, on application to the Comptroller General, be exchanged for an equivalent amount of allotment-certificates of smaller denominations; provided that if any payment (beyond the deposit) is recorded upon the cancelled certificate, it can be taken against, and recorded upon, only one of the certificates issued in exchange.

13. Payment of any allotment-certificate may be made to the account of the Government in the Head Office of the Bank of Bengal or Madras or Bombay, or in any Branch of these Banks, or into any Public Treasury or Treasuries in India which may be named in the tender in respect of which it was issued, either in cash or by tendering duly receipted Notes (or Stock Certificates issued in lieu thereof) or Loan Certificates of the 4½ per cent. Loans of 1878 and 1879 advertized for discharge in Notification No.2985 of this date, which will, as provided in that Notification, be accepted in payment of a sum equivalent to the principal amount of such Notes, Stock, or Loan Certificates. Receipts for such payments will be given by the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, or their Branches, or by the Officers in charge of the Government Treasuries at which payment is made, by enfacement upon the relative certificate.

14. (*a*) When any allotment-certificate is fully paid up, the holder will, on presenting it duly receipted at the place where it was paid, obtain from the Public Debt Office, Calcutta, promissory notes of such values as he may desire (each note being in even hundreds and not less than ₹500), bearing interest from 31st December 1893, and he will also receive interest at 3½ per cent. per annum from the dates on which he may have made payment till the 30th of December 1893.

(*b*) Or he may, at his option, by paying interest at the said rate from 30th June 1893 to the dates on which he may have made payment, obtain promissory notes as above, bearing interest from 30th June 1893.

Provided that, if any payment has been made by tendering Notes or Stock or Loan Certificates of the 4½ per cent. Loans of 1878 and 1879, such payment shall for the purpose of determining from what date the holder should receive interest under clause (*a*) or to what date he should pay interest under clause (*b*) be held to have been made on the 14th October 1893.

FORM A OF PROMISSORY NOTE (see Clause 2).

Fort William, the

Promissory Note No. *Government Rupees* *at 3½ per cent. of 1893-94.*

The Governor-General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from
the sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred only as a loan to the Secretary of State in Council for India, and does hereby promise, for and on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, to repay the said loan, by paying the said sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred only to the said ,
his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their Order, on demand, at the General Treasury at Fort William, after the expiration of Three Months' Notice of Payment, to be given by the Governor-General of India in Council, in the *Government Gazette*, and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred only from the
at the rate of three and a half per cent. per annum, by half-yearly payments, at the General Treasury at Fort William, to the said , his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their Order, until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of interest due will be payable with the principal, and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of this note) all further interest shall cease.

FORM B OF TENDER (see Clause 4).

I, *A. B.*, hereby tender for Rupees (*X*) of *The Three and a half Per Cent. Loan* advertised in the Notification published in the *Gazette of India, Extraordinary*, dated the 14th July 1893, and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions notified, at the rate of Rupees (*Y*) Annas (*Z*) for every hundred rupees allotted to me.

I enclose a *deposit receipt** for Rupees (*XX*), and engage, if my offer be accepted, to pay to the account of the Government at the *Bank of*† *(or at the*† *Branch of the Bank of*† *; or into the Public Treasury at*† *as the case may be)*—

* Or Cheque or Government Promissory Note.
† Here enter the name of Bank, Branch Bank, or Treasury.

The first instalment, not exceeding 35 per cent., on or before 29th August 1893.

The second instalment, not exceeding 35 per cent., on or before 26th September 1893.

The balance on or before 14th October 1893.

Or, if the amount allotted to me be less than R3,000, then the whole amount on or before 26th September 1893.

* Here insert *C. D.'s* address, which must be in India. This paragraph should only be inserted if *A. B.* does not reside in India, or, if residing in India, he wishes the allotment communicated to an agent, or desires to pay the instalments elsewhere than at the place where the tender is submitted, and wishes the allotment-certificates to be given to an agent at that place.

Any allotment made to me may be communicated to *C. D. at**

NOTE (1).—*A separate tender must be made at each rate tendered. The rate tendered should be the whole amount per centum, not the premium or discount: thus, "One hundred and two" or "One hundred" or "Ninty-nine"; not "Two per cent. premium" or "Par" or "One per cent. discount."*

By order of the Governor General in Council,

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

The Comptroller General requests the attention of tenderers to the following arrangements:

Filling up Tenders.

(1) They are requested to use only the printed forms of tender which will be available at his Office and at the Currency Office on application to the Durwan on duty, at all the Provincial Account Offices, and at the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, and will also be supplied to the principal Treasuries.

(2) If the deposit is in the form of Promissory Notes or of Currency Notes, their number should be quoted in detail in the tender.

Presentation of Tenders.

(3) For all tenders presented to him in his office upon the last fixed day, or the two days preceding it, he will give the bearer a receipt bearing a number and initialled by himself or an assistant specially deputed for the purpose. The Accountants General, Madras and Bombay, will do likewise in respect of tenders presented to them under the note to clause 4 of the Government Notification.

Return of Deposit in case of Non-acceptance.

(4) The reverse of this receipt is a form in which, in the event of the tender not being accepted, the tenderer may give to the Comptroller General or Accountant General, Madras or Bombay, a receipt for the deposit accompanying it. This form should on the third day after the opening of the tenders be filled up, signed with the same signature as the tender, and be presented at the Office of the Comptroller General, or Accountant General, Bombay or Madras. The deposit will then be returned to the bearer in exchange for the receipt.

(5) Deposit upon tenders presented personally, as described in No. (3) above, will be returned only in this way, and will not be sent by post or otherwise. Deposits upon other unsuccessful tenders will be returned by post or by the hands of a clerk.

Accepted Tenders.

(6) The Comptroller General, and the Accountant General, Madras or Bombay (in the case of tenders received by such Accountant General and payable in Madras or Bombay), will issue allotment-certificates to successful tenderers. These certificates will be for the following amounts:—R500, R1,000, R2,000, R5,000, R10,000, R20,000, R50,000, R1,00,000, making up the full value accepted; and the deposit on the tender will be divided among them; they will be substantially of the following form:

This is to certify that, in accordance with the terms of Notification No. 2984, dated 14th July 1893 (Gazette of India, Extraordinary, *dated 14th July 1893*), *the abovenamed tenderer has engaged to take up R2,000 of the 3½ Per Cent. Loan of 1893-94 at the rate abovementioned on or before ; and that on the said payment being completed, he is entitled on endorsing and delivering up this certificate to receive a promissory note or notes of the Government of India for R2,000, bearing interest from*

CALCUTTA,
The 14th July, 1893.

STEPHEN JACOB,
Comptroller and Auditor General.

No. 2985.

The 14th July, 1893.

4½ per cent. Loan of 1878.
Transfer Loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. portion including the 4½ per cent. Loan of 1880.

Whereas the 4½ per cent. Loans noted on the margin mature upon 15th September 1893, and Promissory Notes or Loan Certificates of these loans can be paid off and discharged at any time on or after the 15th September 1893, on the expiration of a previous notice of three months to that effect, which notice may be given on the 15th June 1893, or at any time thereafter;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has determined to pay off the said Promissory Notes or Loan Certificates on the 14th October 1893:

2. Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of October 1893 all the Notes (or Stock Certificates issued in lieu thereof) and Loan Certificates of the 4½ per cent. Loans aforesaid will be paid off at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta; and that from the said 14th day of October 1893 interest on the said Promissory Notes (or Stock Certificates) and Loan Certificates will cease.

3. Any of the Notes, Stock, or Loan Certificates hereby advertised for payment may be tendered, duly receipted, in lieu of cash, in payment of any allotment certificate or certificates issued under clause 10 of the Notification of this date, No. 2984, inviting tenders for the 3½ per cent. loan of 350 lakhs of rupees. The principal amount of the Notes or Stock or Loan Certificates so tendered will be accepted in discharge of an equivalent sum due on any such allotment-certificate or certificates payable either at the Head Office of the Bank of Bengal or at any other Bank or Treasury at which the interest on the Notes, Stock, or Certificates is payable, and the interest overdue on such surrendered Notes, Stock, or Certificates, and the further interest thereon from the last half-yearly date of payment of interest to 13th October 1893, inclusive, at the rate of four and a half per centum per annum, will be paid at the time when the Notes or Stock or Loan Certificates are surrendered.

4. Nothing in the preceding part of this Notification relates to any notes of the 7 shillings per cent. portion of the Transfer Loan of 1879.

By Order of the Governor General in Council,

J. F. FINLAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Printed and published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*

Registrar
To Supdt Sep. Rev
Do — Account
Do — Expenditure
Do — Pensions
17/7

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 28.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1893.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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Nothing for Publication.

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Nothing for Publication.

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Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT No. 28.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 10th July, 1893.

No. 23.—His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble J. L. Mackay, C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

S. HARVEY JAMES,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Simla, the 13th July, 1893.

No. 964.—The following amendments in the rules regarding the submission of petitions to the Government of India, published with Home Department Notification No. 1812, dated the 18th October 1889, as amended by Home Department Notification No. 1790, dated the 30th October 1891, are published for general information:

(1) In note 1 of the preamble add the words "the Commander-in-Chief in India and" before the words "the head of a Department directly under the Government of India."

(2) After note 3 of the preamble add the following Note:

NOTE 4.—The rules in Sections I and III apply also to petitions by persons no longer in military employ, who have served in the Army or the Royal Indian Marine, or have been attached to regiments or batteries or to the Staff or Departments of the Army in any capacity.

(3) In Section I add the following rule as Rule 1-A after Rule 1:

"1-A A petition from a person who has been removed from or has left the service of Government, relating to his removal from the service or to claims arising out of his service, should be forwarded through the Local Government under which the petitioner was employed."

JUDICIAL.

The 8th July, 1893.

No. 793.—The services of Captain E. H. Bernard, 6th Punjab Infantry, are placed at the

disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment as Cantonment Magistrate, Mandalay.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 14th July, 1893.

No. 218.—The services of the Reverend C. G. Moore, a Senior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the date on which he may assume charge of his duties.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th July, 1893.

No. 1174-*G*.—Lieutenant C. T. Ducat, Indian Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 1st Bombay Lancers, is appointed to be a Political Assistant of the 1st Class, substantive *pro tempore*, and is posted as First Assistant to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 2385-*I*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 6, 8 and 9 respectively of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872), the Governor-General in Council is pleased—

(*a*) to grant a license to the Reverend Richard Sorby, a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, to solemnize marriages within the State of Mysore, including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore;

(*b*) to appoint the said Reverend Richard Sorby to be a Marriage Registrar in respect of all places within the said State; and

(*c*) to grant a license to the said Reverend Richard Sorby to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the said State.

The 10th July, 1893.

No. 1176-*G*.—Surgeon-Major A. Adams, M.D., Indian Medical Service (Madras), Residency Surgeon in the Western States of Rajputana, is appointed to officiate as Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana, with effect from the date of assuming charge, and during the absence of Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Newman, M.D., whose services have been placed temporarily at the disposal of the Home Department, or until further orders.

The 12th July, 1893.

No. 1182-*G*.—Mr. J. A. Crawford, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Political Agent of the 1st Class, is appointed to officiate, on return from privilege leave, as a Resident of the 2nd Class and as Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, with effect from the date of assuming charge, *vice* Major J. H. Sadler, Indian Staff Corps, who is reappointed to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd Class, and is posted as Political Agent at Muscat, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

The 13th July, 1893.

No. 1186-*G*.—The following changes are made in the graded list of the Political Department:

Consequent on the grant of special leave to Captain L. S. Newmarch, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, and with effect from the 29th March, 1893,—

Mr. O. V. Bosanquet, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class;

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Lieutenant H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the return from foreign service of Lieutenant J. Manners Smith, V.C., Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 1st Class, and his promotion (hereby made) to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class, and with effect from the 19th April, 1893,—

Mr. O. V. Bosanquet, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Lieutenant F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 1st Class, substantive *pro tempore*, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class;

Lieutenant H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class.

Consequent on the appointment of Mr. G. R. Irwin, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Political Agent of the 1st Class, to be an additional Political Agent of the 1st Class, and with effect from the 20th April, 1893,—

Major H. M. Temple, Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st Class;

Captain C. Herbert, Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd Class;

Mr. O. V. Bosanquet, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class;

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Lieutenant H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the return from special leave of Captain W. H. M. Stewart, Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 1st Class, and his promotion (hereby made) to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class, and with effect from the 24th April, 1893,—

Mr. O. V. Bosanquet, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class;

Lieutenant H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class.

Consequent on the grant of special leave to Colonel F. A. Wilson, Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 1st Class, and with effect from the 27th April, 1893,—

Captain M. J. Meade, Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st Class;

Captain A. F. DeLaessoe, C.M.G., C.I.E., Political Agent of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd Class;

Mr. O. V. Bosanquet, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class;

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Lieutenant H. L. Showers, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Mr. J. A. Crawford, Indian Civil Service, Officiating Political Agent of the 1st Class, and with effect from the 5th May, 1893,—

Major C. W. Ravenshaw, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 1st Class;

Captain H. Daly, C.I.E., Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd Class;

Captain C. H. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class;

Lieutenant W. M. Cubitt, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Lieutenant C. E. Ross, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the appointment of Captain C. H. Pritchard, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, to officiate as an Additional Political Agent of the 1st Class, and with effect from the 19th May, 1893,—

Captain F. W. P. Macdonald, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class;

Lieutenant J. L. Kaye, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Lieutenant H. B. Peacock, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the grant of furlough to Captain F. W. P. Macdonald, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, and with effect from the 1st June, 1893,—

Captain F. E. Younghusband, C.I.E., 1st (King's) Dragoon Guards, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class;

Lieutenant S. F. Bayley, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Captain C. G. F. Fagan, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the appointment of Major J. H. Sadler, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd Class, and with effect from the 4th June, 1893,—

Captain P. J. Melvill, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd Class;

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 3rd Class;

Captain C. A. Kemball, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Lieutenant A. F. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the reversion of Captain S. H. Godfrey, Indian Staff Corps, Political Assistant of the 1st Class, substantive *pro tempore*, to Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, and on his promotion (hereby made) to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 1st Class, and with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of the office of Assistant to the Resident in Kashmir for Leh,—

Lieutenant F. G. Beville, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to be a Political Assistant of the 1st Class, substantive *pro tempore*.

Consequent on the grant of privilege leave to Lieutenant P. T. A. Spence, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, and with effect from the 14th July, 1893,—

Lieutenant A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class, to officiate as a Political Assistant of the 2nd Class.

Consequent on the re-appointment of Major J. H. Sadler, Indian Staff Corps, to officiate as a Political Agent of the 2nd Class, and with effect from the date on which he may resume charge of the office of Political Agent at Muscat,—

Captain P. J. Melvill, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 2nd Class, to revert to Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class;

Captain M. A. Tighe, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class;

Captain C. A. Kemball, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 1st Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class;

Lieutenant A. McConaghey, Indian Staff Corps, Officiating Political Assistant of the 2nd Class, to revert to Officiating Political Assistant of the 3rd Class.

No. 1191-*G*.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Dunbar Kilburn, Vice-Consul, as Acting Consul for Denmark at Calcutta.

No. 1197-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Adolph Rehling as Acting Consul for Germany at Bassein.

No. 1198-G.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Hugo Diedrich as Acting Consul for Germany at Akyab during the absence of Mr. A. Rehling.

No. 2431-I.—Whereas the Governor-General in Council has full jurisdiction within the lands which are occupied, or may be hereafter occupied, by the Godra-Rutlam Railway (including the land occupied as stations and for out-buildings and other purposes connected with the railway), and which lie within the Native States noted on the margin: * In exercise of this jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1328-I., dated the 23rd March, 1891, namely:

* Baria.
Indore.
Jhabua.
Rutlam.
Sailana.

In the schedule, *after* the entries relating to the Dhond-Manmad State Railway and *before* the entries relating to the Goona-Bina Railway which were inserted by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 504-I., dated the 9th February, 1893, *insert* the following:

Godra-Rutlam Railway.	Baria ...	...	The Government of Bombay.
	Indore ...	...	The Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.
	Jhabua ...	...	Ditto ditto.
	Rutlam ...	...	Ditto ditto.
	Sailana ...	...	Ditto ditto.

No. 2445-I.—In exercise of the power conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3631-I., dated the 21st September, 1892, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the following civil appeal and applications pending before the Resident at Hyderabad, by virtue of his jurisdiction over the Cantonment of Secunderabad, to the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts:

1. 2nd appeal No. 1 of 1893. — Kothapally Rajanna and another *versus* Medum Soobannah.
2. Application No. 9 of 1893 under section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code. — Soma Pulliah *versus* Bejgum Ramiah.
3. Application No. 11 of 1893 under section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code. — Nalla Nagannah *versus* Nulla Mullanah and another.

No. 2446-I.—In exercise of the power conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3633-I., dated the 21st September, 1892, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the following civil applications pending before the Resident at Hyderabad, by virtue of his jurisdiction over the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, to the Judicial Commissioner of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts:

1. Application for review of the Resident's order on application No. 3 of 1893 under section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code. — Narayen Timaji *versus* Kristiah and another.
2. Application No. 7 of 1893 under section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code. — Ridhakaran *versus* the firm of Girdharilal Fatechand.

H. M. DURAND,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.
PUBLIC DEBT.

No. 2984.

Simla, the 14th July, 1893.

The Governor General in Council has determined to borrow three hundred and fifty lakhs of Rupees, being the amount required for the public service.

The following Notification is therefore published:

THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 1893-94.

His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor General in Council has resolved to borrow three hundred and fifty lakhs of rupees for the public service in the following manner:

2. Promissory Notes will be issued for the said amount, bearing interest at the rate of three and a half per centum per annum, payable half-yearly on the 30th day of June and 31st day of December. The notes will be in Form A annexed to this Notification, and they will not be discharged without a previous notice of three months to be published in the Government Gazette.

3. Tenders for the whole or any part of the said amount of R3,50,00,000 will be received by the Comptroller General from this date to noon of Tuesday, the 15th August next. Tenders must be in sums of 500 Rupees or multiples of 500 Rupees.

4. Each tender must be addressed, in the form annexed to this Notification, to the Comptroller General, Calcutta, and enclosed in a closed cover, superscribed "*Tender for the Three and a half Per Cent. Loan.*" If the tenderer is not resident in India, he must name an agent resident in India to whom an allotment certificate may be issued, if any part of the loan is allotted to such tenderer.[1]

(*a*) Each tender must be accompanied by a receipt from the Head Office of the Bank of Bengal, or Madras, or Bombay, or one of their Branches, or from an officer in charge of some Public Treasury, or by a cheque drawn in favour of the Comptroller General on a Bank in Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, or by[2] Government Promissory Notes standing in the name of or endorsed to the tenderer or the person making the deposit for not less than one-hundredth, or, if the tender be for less than Five Lakhs of Rupees, then for not less than one-fiftieth part of the tender.

(*b*) Deposits, not being promissory notes, will, in the case of accepted tenders, be credited proportionally in part payment of the allotment-certificates issued in respect of the tender, and will bear interest for the purpose of clause 14 below from the date of the opening of tenders. When a tender is not accepted in full, the deposits, when they are not in the form of promissory notes, will be credited as far as possible proportionately in even

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[1] Tenders made in accordance with these instructions will also be received by the Accountants General, Madras and Bombay, on account of the Comptroller General, Calcutta, on the 14th August and up to 11-30 or 11 o'clock local time respectively (corresponding with 12 o'clock in Calcutta) on the 15th August; provided that—

(*a*) they are delivered personally or by clerk or messenger at the Accountant General's Office (where a receipt will be given for them);

(*b*) they are made on printed Forms, to be obtained at the same office or at the local Presidency Bank;

(*c*) each tender is for not less than R10,000;

(*d*) that the deposit is either a promissory note or a Treasury Receipt from the Head Office of the local Presidency Bank, or a cheque on a local Bank in Madras or Bombay in favour of the Accountant General, Madras or Bombay, respectively;

(*e*) that the amount of the tender is made payable either in Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay;

and the Accountant General will return deposits on non-accepted tenders, and will issue allotment-certificates so far as the tenders are payable in Madras or Bombay.

[2] *It is particularly requested that such Promissory Notes may NOT be endorsed to the Comptroller General.*

tens of rupees in part payment of the allotment-certificates issued in respect of it. If any allotment-certificate is not fully taken up, the deposit credited in respect of it will be forfeited.

(*c*) Promissory notes deposited in respect of any accepted tender will be held until all the allotment-certificates issued in respect of the tender are paid up, and will, if the allotment-certificates are not fully taken up, be appropriated by the Government and cancelled; provided that the notes of the 4½ per cent. loans of 1878 and 1879 advertised for discharge by Notification No. 2985 of this date may, if the depositors so desire, be credited, as far as possible, proportionately in payment of the allotment-certificates issued in respect of the tender with which they were deposited, the amount so credited, however, bearing interest only from the 14th October 1893 (the interest up to 13th October being paid separately as provided in the above quoted Notification).

5. The rate at which a tender is made must not contain a fraction of an anna: if a rate containing a fraction of an anna is inserted in any tender, such fraction will be struck out and the tender treated as if the rate did not contain such fraction of an anna.

6. The rate at which each tender is made must be specified in rupees or rupees and annas: a tender in which no rate is thus specified, but a subscription is offered in some other terms—as, for example, at the recorded minimum, or at some specified percentage in addition to the recorded minimum, or at the average of the accepted tenders—will be rejected as null and void.

7. The minimum rate at which tenders will be accepted will be recorded under the signature of the Comptroller General, and, before the tenders are opened, placed upon the table in a sealed envelope, but will not be declared unless some tender is rejected only because it is below the recorded minimum.

8. Tenders will be opened publicly by the Comptroller General at the Treasury Buildings, Calcutta, at noon (Calcutta time), on Tuesday, the 15th August next, and those received under the terms of the footnote under clause 4 will be similarly opened by the Accountant General, Madras, at 11-30 (Madras time), and by the Accountant General, Bombay, at 11 o'clock (Bombay time), on the same day; but the contents of the tenders will not be disclosed otherwise than as provided in clause 10.

9. Tenders at the recorded minimum rate and at rates above the recorded minimum rate will be accepted in the order of the rates tendered, beginning with the highest rate; the amount allotted at the lowest rate at which tenders are accepted will be divided amongst those who have tendered at this rate in proportion, as nearly as may be found convenient, to the amounts of their tenders; provided that no allotment will be issued if the amount distributable on any tender is less than R500.

10. To each tenderer (or to his agent) whose tender is accepted in whole or in part such number of allotment-certificates as may be necessary to make up the aggregate amount allotted to him will be issued by the Comptroller General[1] as soon as possible after the 15th August; and an alphabetical list of the names of those to whom such allotment-certificates are issued will be posted for general information at the Head Offices of the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay.

11. If the allotment made on any tender is less than R3,000, then the whole of the allotment-certificates (after credit of the deposit under clause 4 (*b*)) will be made payable upon the 26th September.

Otherwise the whole amount of each allotment will be divided into three instalments as follows:

Instalment I.—As near as convenient to 35 per cent., but not exceeding 35 per cent., payable upon the 29th August:

Instalment II.—As near as convenient to 35 per cent., but not exceeding 35 per cent., payable upon the 26th September:

Instalment III.—The balance payable upon the 14th October:

and allotment-certificates will be issued for each instalment separately.

[1] For tenders received by the Accountant General, Madras or Bombay, and payable at those places, the Accountant General will issue the allotment-certificates.

But the whole or any part of any accepted tender may be paid at any time after receipt of the allotment-certificates.

The words "as near as convenient" refer to the necessity for making each instalment an exact multiple of ₹500.

12. Any allotment-certificate will, on application to the Comptroller General, be exchanged for an equivalent amount of allotment-certificates of smaller denominations; provided that if any payment (beyond the deposit) is recorded upon the cancelled certificate, it can be taken against, and recorded upon, only one of the certificates issued in exchange.

13. Payment of any allotment-certificate may be made to the account of the Government in the Head Office of the Bank of Bengal or Madras or Bombay, or in any Branch of these Banks, or into any Public Treasury or Treasuries in India which may be named in the tender in respect of which it was issued, either in cash or by tendering duly receipted Notes (or Stock Certificates issued in lieu thereof) or Loan Certificates of the 4½ per cent. Loans of 1878 and 1879 advertized for discharge in Notification No. 2985 of this date, which will, as provided in that Notification, be accepted in payment of a sum equivalent to the principal amount of such Notes, Stock, or Loan Certificates. Receipts for such payments will be given by the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, or their Branches, or by the Officers in charge of the Government Treasuries at which payment is made, by enfacement upon the relative certificate.

14. (*a*) When any allotment-certificate is fully paid up, the holder will, on presenting it duly receipted at the place where it was paid, obtain from the Public Debt Office, Calcutta, promissory notes of such values as he may desire (each note being in even hundreds and not less than ₹500), bearing interest from 31st December 1893, and he will also receive interest at 3½ per cent. per annum from the dates on which he may have made payment till the 30th of December 1893.

(*b*) Or he may, at his option, by paying interest at the said rate from 30th June 1893 to the dates on which he may have made payment, obtain promissory notes as above, bearing interest from 30th June 1893.

Provided that, if any payment has been made by tendering Notes or Stock or Loan Certificates of the 4½ per cent. Loans of 1878 and 1879, such payment shall for the purpose of determining from what date the holder should receive interest under clause (*a*) or to what date he should pay interest under clause (*b*) be held to have been made on the 14th October 1893.

FORM A OF PROMISSORY NOTE (see Clause 2).

Fort William, the

Promissory Note *Government Rupees* *at 3½ per cent.*

No. *of 1893-94.*

The Governor-General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from the sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred only as a loan to the Secretary of State in Council for India, and does hereby promise, for and on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, to repay the said loan, by paying the said sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred only to the said , his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their Order, on demand, at the General Treasury at Fort William, after the expiration of Three Months' Notice of Payment, to be given by the Governor-General of India in Council, in the *Government Gazette*, and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Government Rupees Five Hundred only from the , at the rate of three and a half per cent. per annum, by half-yearly payments, at the General Treasury at Fort William, to the said , his Executors, or Administrators, or his or their Order, until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of interest due will be payable with the principal, and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of this note) all further interest shall cease.

FORM B OF TENDER (see Clause 4).

I, *A. B.*, hereby tender for Rupees (*X*) of *The Three and a half Per Cent. Loan* advertised in the Notification published in the *Gazette of India, Extraordinary*, dated the 14th July 1893,

and agree to pay for the same, subject to the conditions notified, at the rate of Rupees (*Y*) Annas (*Z*) for every hundred rupees allotted to me.

I enclose a *deposit receipt** for Rupees (*XX*), and engage, if my offer be accepted, to pay to the account of the Government at the *Bank of*† *Branch of the* (*or at the*† *Bank of*† ; *or into the Public Treasury at*† *as the case may be*)—

* Or Cheque or Government Promissory Note.
† Here enter the name of Bank, Branch Bank, or Treasury.

The first instalment, not exceeding 35 per cent., on or before 29th August 1893.

The second instalment, not exceeding 35 per cent., on or before 26th September 1893.

The balance on or before 14th October 1893.

Or, if the amount allotted to me be less than ₹3,000, then the whole amount on or before 26th September 1893.

Any allotment made to me may be communicated to *C. D. at**

* Here insert *C. D.'s* address, which must be in India. This paragraph should only be inserted if *A. B.* does not reside in India, or, it residing in India, he wishes the allotment communicated to an agent, or desires to pay the instalments elsewhere than at the place where the tender is submitted, and wishes the allotment-certificates to be given to an agent at that place.

NOTE (1).—*A separate tender must be made at each rate tendered. The rate tendered should be the whole amount per centum, not the premium or discount: thus, "One hundred and two" or "One hundred" or "Ninty-nine"; not "Two per cent. premium" or "Par" or "One per cent. discount."*

By order of the Governor General in Council,

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

The Comptroller General requests the attention of tenderers to the following arrangements:

Filling up Tenders.

(1) They are requested to use only the printed forms of tender which will be available at his Office and at the Currency Office on application to the Durwan on duty, at all the Provincial Account Offices, and at the Banks of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, and will also be supplied to the principal Treasuries.

(2) If the deposit is in the form of Promissory Notes or of Currency Notes, their number should be quoted in detail in the tender.

Presentation of Tenders.

(3) For all tenders presented to him in his office upon the last fixed day, or the two days preceding it, he will give the bearer a receipt bearing a number and initialled by himself or an assistant specially deputed for the purpose. The Accountants General, Madras and Bombay, will do likewise in respect of tenders presented to them under the note to clause 4 of the Government Notification.

Return of Deposit in case of Non-acceptance.

(4) The reverse of this receipt is a form in which, in the event of the tender not being accepted, the tenderer may give to the Comptroller General or Accountant General, Madras or Bombay, a receipt for the deposit accompanying it. This form should on the third day after the opening of the tenders be filled up, signed with the same signature as the tender, and be presented at the Office of the Comptroller General or Accountant General, Bombay or Madras. The deposit will then be returned to the bearer in exchange for the receipt.

(5) Deposit upon tenders presented personally, as described in No. (3) above, will be returned only in this way, and will not be sent by post or otherwise. Deposits upon other unsuccessful tenders will be returned by post or by the hands of a clerk.

Accepted Tenders.

(6) The Comptroller General and the Accountant General, Madras or Bombay (in the case of tenders received by such Accountant General and payable in Madras or Bombay), will issue allotment-certificates to successful tenderers. These certificates will be for the following amounts:—₹500, ₹1,000, ₹2,000, ₹5,000, ₹10,000, ₹20,000, ₹50,000, ₹1,00,000, making up the full value accepted; and the deposit on the tender will be divided among them; they will be substantially of the following form:

This is to certify that, in accordance with the terms of Notification No. 2984, dated 14th July 1893 (Gazette of India, Extraordinary, *dated 14th July 1893*), *the abovenamed tenderer has engaged to take up R2,000 of the 3½ Per Cent. Loan of 1893-94 at the rate abovementioned on or before ; and that on the said payment being completed, he is entitled on endorsing and delivering up this certificate to receive a promissory note or notes of the Government of India for R2,000, bearing interest from*

CALCUTTA,
The 14th July, 1893.

STEPHEN JACOB,
Comptroller and Auditor General.

No. 2985.

The 14th July, 1893.

Whereas the 4½ per cent. Loans noted on the margin mature upon 15th September 1893, and Promissory Notes or Loan Certificates of these loans can be paid off and discharged at any time on or after the 15th September 1893, on the expiration of a previous notice of three months to that effect, which notice may be given on the 15th June 1893, or at any time thereafter;

4½ per cent. Loan of 1878.
Transfer Loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. portion including the 4½ per cent. Loan of 1880.

And whereas the Governor General in Council has determined to pay off the said Promissory Notes or Loan Certificates on the 14th October 1893:

2. Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of October 1893 all the Notes (or Stock Certificates issued in lieu thereof) and Loan Certificates of the 4½ per cent. Loans aforesaid will be paid off at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta; and that from the said 14th day of October 1893 interest on the said Promissory Notes (or Stock Certificates) and Loan Certificates will cease.

3. Any of the Notes, Stock, or Loan Certificates hereby advertised for payment may be tendered, duly receipted, in lieu of cash, in payment of any allotment certificate or certificates issued under clause 10 of the Notification of this date, No. 2984, inviting tenders for the 3½ per cent. loan of 350 lakhs of rupees. The principal amount of the Notes or Stock or Loan Certificates so tendered will be accepted in discharge of an equivalent sum due on any such allotment-certificate or certificates payable either at the Head Office of the Bank of Bengal or at any other Bank or Treasury at which the interest on the Notes, Stock, or Certificates is payable, and the interest overdue on such surrendered Notes, Stock, or Certificates, and the further interest thereon from the last half-yearly date of payment of interest to 13th October 1893, inclusive, at the rate of four and a half per centum per annum, will be paid at the time when the Notes or Stock or Loan Certificates are surrendered.

4. Nothing in the preceding part of this Notification relates to any notes of the 7 shillings per cent. portion of the Transfer Loan of 1879.

By order of the Governor General in Council,

J. F. FINLAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

MINT.

The 8th July, 1893.

No. 2923-*A*.—It is hereby notified for the information of all officers of Government and of the public that the silver and copper coins struck for Portuguese India, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention set forth in the Schedule appended to the Portuguese Convention Act, XVII of 1881, are not legal tender in British India, the said Convention having ceased and determined on the 4th February 1892.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 11th July, 1893.

No. 2908-*P*.—The services of Mr. E. L. Vaughan, Assistant Accountant General, Madras, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Madras on the expiration of his privilege leave in July 1893.

The 13th July, 1893.

No. 3009-*P*.—The services of Mr. C. E. Crawley, Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

The 14th July, 1893.

No. 3024-*P*.—Mr. R. T. Howe, Deputy Accountant General, Punjab, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 6th July 1893.

Moung Hla Oung, Deputy Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is posted as Deputy Accountant General, Punjab.

J. F. FINLAY,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 14th July, 1893.

APPOINTMENTS.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 663.—Lieutenant F. W. H. Forteath, Indian Staff Corps, 3rd Bombay Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 12th May 1893. (Joined his appointment on the 17th June 1893.)

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

2nd Infantry.

No. 664.—Lieutenant S. H. E. Nicholas, officiating wing officer, on probation, to be wing officer, on probation, *vice* Lieutenant G. S. Morris, appointed to the 2nd Lancers, Hyderabad Contingent. Dated 24th May 1893.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 665.—Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel G. C. Ross, Indian Medical Service, Bengal establishment, is granted the temporary rank of Surgeon-Colonel, with effect from the 16th June 1893, whilst officiating as Administrative Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner, Central Provinces, *vice* Surgeon-Colonel G. Thomson, M.B., appointed officiating Principal Medical Officer, Lahore District.

No. 666.—Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel J. H. Newman, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bengal establishment, is granted the temporary rank of Surgeon-Colonel, with effect from the 4th July 1893, whilst officiating as Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, during the absence on leave of Surgeon-Colonel J. G. Pilcher.

No. 667.—The undermentioned Surgeon-Lieutenants, appointed to the Bengal establishment in G. G. O. No. 260 of 1893, reported their arrival at Bombay on the date specified:

Cedric Barkley Prall
Richard Heard
Vivian Godfrey Drake-Brockman
} ,—22nd April 1893.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 668.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenants—

Ion Grove White, East Surrey Regiment, officiating squadron officer, 16th Bengal Cavalry,—3rd March 1892.

John Walter Beresford Merewether, Leinster Regiment, wing officer, 43rd Gurkha Rifles,—26th March 1892.

No. 669.—Second-Lieutenant Charles Richard Johnson, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, officiating wing officer, 1st Battalion, 5th Gurkha Rifles, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 18th December 1891, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

Second-Lieutenant Johnson will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 670.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Lieutenant A. C. F. Bourchier, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer and quartermaster, 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, for one year. Pension service—10th year commenced 25th August 1892.

Lieutenant M. Stevens, Indian Staff Corps, 13th Bengal Infantry, for one year. Pension service—10th year commenced 5th December 1892.

Lieutenant F. W. Evatt, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 2nd Battalion, 5th Gurkha Rifles, for three months and fifteen days. Pension service—9th year commenced 6th May 1893.

No. 671.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of furlough by the Secretary of State for India:

Captain H. G. Ryland, Indian Staff Corps, Assistant Commissary-General, 4th class, (u. p. a.) for fifteen days and (m. c.) for four months. (This cancels the extension of furlough granted to him in G. G. O. No. 560 of 1893.)

No. 672.—Colonel C. A. Dodd, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to reside out of India on leave pay under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, with effect from the 10th May 1893, until he attains the colonel's allowance. Pension service—36th year commenced 4th October 1892.

No. 673.—Colonel W. S. Brooke, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to reside out of India under Article 738 (*b*), Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I. Pension service—35th year commenced 10th January 1893.

No. 674.—Colonel E. M. L. Marriott, General List, Infantry, is permitted to reside out of India under Article 738 (*c*), Army Regulations, India, volume I, part I. Pension service—34th year commenced 2nd November 1892.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 675.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 20th June, 1893, page 3511.

WAR OFFICE;

Pall Mall, 20th June, 1893.

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MEMORANDA.

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The grant of the honorary rank of Lieutenant to Deputy-Assistant-Commissary H. Staff,

Bombay establishment, which was notified in the Gazette of 21st March 1893, is dated 1st December 1892, and not as therein stated.

The undermentioned Conductors, Bengal Miscellaneous List, are granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 21st June 1893:

G. Curtis.

C. Manley.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 676.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Frederick Robertson Ditmas,—10th July 1893.

George Hambley Elliott,—13th July 1893.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel George Hutcheson, M.D., to be Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel G. G. MacLaren, retired. Dated 27th June 1893.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 677.—*2nd Bengal Lancers*—

Kot-Dafadar Ganga Dat to be Jemadar, *vice* Kure Singh, discharged, with effect from the 26th May 1893.

No. 678.—*14th Bengal Lancers*—

The honorary rank of Risaldar is granted to Resaidar Liladhar Singh, *Bahadur*, on retirement;

The honorary rank of Resaidar is granted to Jemadar Bahal Singh on retirement,—

with effect from the 1st November 1892.

No. 679.—*22nd Bengal Infantry*—

Havildar Mangal Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhag Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 16th June 1893.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 680.—*5th Punjab Infantry*—

The honorary rank of Subadar-Major is granted to Subadars Shám Singh and Hasham Khan on retirement, with effect from the 1st April 1893.

REWARDS.

GOOD CONDUCT MEDALS.

No. 681.—The following corrections are made in G. G. O. No. 507 of 1893:

Under the heading Medals inscribed for "Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity.

For "No 750, Private Lála Meyán, 4th Madras Infantry (Pioneers)," *read* "No. 750, Private Sala Miyan, 4th Madras Infantry (Pioneers.)"

For "No. 1565, Private Appanoo, 6th Madras Infantry," *read* "No. 1565, Private Appavoo, 6th Madras Infantry."

No. 682.—With reference to the addendum (dated 31st July 1890) to paragraph 16, clause 115, India Army Circulars, 1888, the following alteration is made in G. G. O. No. 507 of 1893:

Under the heading Medals inscribed for "Long Service and Good Conduct," with gratuity.

For "No. 59, Private Gangiah, 22nd Madras Infantry," *read* "No. 44, Private Venkiah, 22nd Madras Infantry."

ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA.

No. 683.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion in the Order of British India, with effect from the 3rd June 1893:

MADRAS.

To the 1st class with the title of "Sardar Bahadur."

Subadar Abdul Aziz, *Bahadur*, 8th Madras Infantry, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Andinaroydoo, *Sardar Bahadur*, deceased,—18th March 1893.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 684.—*2nd Punjab (Simla) Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Lieutenant John Frederick Whyte, Indian Staff Corps, to be Captain, with effect from the 8th June 1893, *vice* Bean, transferred to the supernumerary list.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 685.—*Cossipore Artillery Volunteers*—

Captain William Stewart Malcolm is granted the honorary rank of Major.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 686.—*Naini Tal Volunteer Rifle Corps*—

Lieutenant-Colonel John Woodburn, C.S.I., Commandant, resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the corps.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 687.—Honorary Lieutenant G. H. Johnson, Sub-Engineer, 2nd grade, is promoted to the rank of Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, with effect from the 14th December 1892.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 47.—Lieutenant W. B. Huddleston, Royal Indian Marine, Assistant Surveyor, 3rd class, Marine Survey of India, reverted to duty in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 30th June 1893.

No. 48.—Mr. T. Avery, appointed by the Secretary of State as Constructor in the Royal Indian Marine, reported his arrival at Calcutta on the 29th June 1893, and is posted to the Kidderpore Dockyard.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th July, 1893.

No. 262.—Mr. G. J. Perram, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Burma, is appointed to officiate as Superintending Engineer, with effect from the afternoon of the 22nd June 1893, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. D. Joscelyne, or until further orders.

No. 263.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions in the classes of Superintending Engineers, with effect from the dates specified :

Names.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Bigg-Wither, Lieutenant-Colonel A. C., General List, Infantry.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Permanent . .	7th May 1893.
Bull, C. A. . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, *temporary rank.*	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. *pro tem.* .	7th May 1893.
Cloëte, H. N. C. . .	Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, and Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, *temporary rank.*	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, and Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent . .	7th May 1893.
			Temporary . . .	7th May 1893.
King, M. . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub. *pro tem.*	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent . .	12th May 1893.
McArthur, Lieutenant-Colonel A. D., R.E.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, sub. *pro tem.*	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Permanent . .	30th May 1893.
Craig, J.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, *temporary rank.*	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Sub. *pro tem.* .	30th May 1893.
Upcott, F. R. . . .	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 1st Class.	Temporary . .	30th May 1893.
Pulford, Lieutenant-Colonel R. R., R.E.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, sub. *pro tem.*	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Permanent . .	30th May 1893.
Moore, E. J. . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. *pro tem.* (Supernumerary).	30th May 1893.
Little, Lieutenant-Colonel J. A., I.S.C.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, *temporary rank.*	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Sub. *pro tem.*	30th May 1893.
Large, P. T. S. . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary (Supernumerary).	30th May 1893.
Preston, S. . . .	Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.	Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class.	Temporary . .	30th May 1893.

No. 264.—The services of Mr. A. J. Hughes, C.I.E., Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, which were temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

The 10th July, 1893.

No. 265.—Mr. Thomas Robert Barwick is appointed, on probation, in Class III, Grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, and posted to the establishment under the Chief Commissioner, Burma, for employment on the Burma State Railway.

No. 266.—Mr. G. Humfress, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, sub. *pro tem.*, State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief, Main Line Section, North Western Railway, during the absence of Mr. G. H. List on privilege leave, or until further orders.

The 11th July, 1893.

No. 267.—Major G. F. Wilson, R.E., Deputy Manager, North Western Railway, is promoted from Class 1, Grade 3, to Class 1, Grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 1st April 1893.

The 12th July, 1893.

No. 268.—Mr. W. E. Newham, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief, Mu Valley Railway, during the absence of Mr. H. L. Monk on privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 269.—Mr. A. T. Chiodetti, Assistant Engineer, 1st Grade, State Railways, having overstayed his leave, his name is removed from the Public Works Department list of Engineers, with effect from the forenoon of the 16th April 1893.

The 13th July, 1893.

No. 270.—Lieutenant F. M. Westropp, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, State Railways, is permanently transferred to the establishment under the Government of Bombay, Public Works Department.

No. 271.—Mr. J. R. Bell, Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank, State Railways, is

appointed Engineer-in-Chief, East Coast Railway, with effect from the forenoon of the 2nd May 1893.

Mr. F. J. E. Spring, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, sub. *pro tem.*, State Railways, continues to officiate as Engineer-in-Chief, East Coast Railway, during the absence of Mr. Bell on privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 272.—Mr. J. R. Bell, Chief Engineer, 3rd Class, temporary rank, State Railways, and Engineer-in-Chief, East Coast Railway, is appointed Manager and Engineer-in-Chief of the open line north of the Godaveri, and including the ferry over that river.

Mr. F. J. E. Spring, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, sub. *pro tem.*, State Railways, and Officiating Engineer-in-Chief, East Coast Railway, is appointed to officiate as Manager and Engineer-in-Chief of the open line north of the Godaveri, including the ferry over that river, during the absence of Mr. J. R. Bell on privilege leave, or until further orders.

(This cancels Public Works Department Notification No. 246, dated 21st June 1893.)

No. 273.—Mr. F. J. E. Spring, Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, sub. *pro tem.*, State Railways, and Officiating Engineer-in-Chief, East Coast Railway, is appointed to officiate as Consulting Engineer for Railways, Bombay, during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel F. Firebrace, R.E., on privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 274.—Mr. C. A. Perrin, Executive Engineer, 2nd Grade, is appointed Sanitary Engineer, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with the rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, permanent.

The 14th July, 1893.

No. 275.—Captain S. L. Craster, R.E., Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, sub. *pro tem.*, State Railways, whose services were placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India in the Military Department, is, on retransfer to this Department, posted to the establishment under the Director General of Railways for employment on the Mushkaf-Bolan State Railway.

No. 276.—Mr. W. Good, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Superintending Engineer during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. R. A. Cordner, or until further orders.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Regular
To Supdts. Sep. Reve.
Do — Accounts
Do — Expenditure
Do — Pensions
22/7

The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 29.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1893.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART IV.—Acts of the Governor General's Council assented to by the Governor General:—

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Nothing for Publication.

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SUPPLEMENT No. 29.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 17th July, 1893.

No. 24.—Whereas the Calcutta Chamber of Commerce has, in accordance with the Regulations published in the Notification of the Government of India in the Legislative Department, No. 19, dated 23rd June 1893, recommended Mr. J. L. Mackay, C.I.E., for nomination as an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, His Excellency the Governor General, under the authority vested in him by the Statute 24 and 25 Vict., Chap. 67, section 10, and the Statute 55 and 56 Vict., Chap. 14, section 1, has been pleased to nominate the said Mr. J. L. Mackay, C.I.E., to be an Additional Member of the said Council.

S. HARVEY JAMES,
Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 21st July, 1893.

No. 418.—The services of Mr. A. H. L. Fraser, Commissioner, Chhattisgarh Division, Central Provinces, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Department of Finance and Commerce.

MEDICAL.

The 18th July, 1893.

No. 402.—Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel D. O'C. Raye, M.D., Professor of Surgery, Medical College, Calcutta, and *ex-officio* First Surgeon, Medical College Hospital, held charge of the Office of Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Bengal, in addition to his own duties, from the 21st June 1893 to the 3rd July 1893.

The 21st July, 1893.

No. 419.—The services of Surgeon-Captain H. B. Melville, M.B., I.M.S. (Bengal), Civil Surgeon, North Lushai Hills, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

JUDICIAL.

The 15th July, 1893.

No. 828.—The services of Captain H. L. B. Acton, 1st Madras Lancers, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment as Cantonment Magistrate, Rangoon.

The 20th July, 1893.

No. 845.—Under the provisions of section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, as amended by Act II of 1885, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint the persons for the time being holding the undermentioned offices in the Madras Presidency to be Notaries Public, and to exercise their functions as such within the sub-districts to which their jurisdiction as registration officers extends:

(1) The Sub-Registrar of Manjakuppam ...	South Arcot District.
(2) The Sub-Registrar of Nellikuppam ...	South Arcot District.
(3) The Sub-Registrar of Oraiyur ...	Trichinopoly District.
(4) The Sub-Registrar of Pomneni ...	Madura District.
(5) The Sub-Registrar of Tallakulam ...	Madura District.
(6) The Sub-Registrar of Manambuchchavidi	Tanjore District.
(7) The Sub-Registrar of Ganapati ...	Coimbatore District.
(8) The Sub-Registrar of Kumarapalaiyam ...	Coimbatore District.
(9) The Sub-Registrar of Shevoapet ...	Salem District.
(10) The Sub-Registrar of Panniankara ...	Calicut District.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 20th July, 1893.

No. 227.—The Reverend V. W. Kinsman, a Senior Chaplain on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, is appointed to be Chaplain of Saugor in the Central Provinces, with effect from the date on which he may assume charge of his duties.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

HORSE-BREEDING AND AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

Simla, the 19th July, 1893.

No. 1927—34.—Veterinary Lieutenant H. P. Turnbull is appointed to the Civil Veterinary Department on probation, with effect from the 13th June 1893, and is posted to the Punjab and Baluchistan.

FORESTS.

The 21st July, 1893.

No. 796-*F*.—Consequent on the return from privilege leave of Mr. E. P. Dansey, Conservator of Forests, 2nd grade, Bengal, the following reversions are ordered, with effect from 14th July 1893:

Mr. R. H. E. Thompson, Conservator, 3rd (officiating 2nd) grade, Northern Circle, Central Provinces, to his substantive grade.

Mr. E. G. Chester, Officiating Conservator, 3rd grade, Bengal, to his substantive appointment of Deputy Conservator, 1st grade.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 15th July, 1893.

No. 1210-*G*.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Hendrik de Veye as Acting Consul for the Netherlands at Rangoon during the absence of Mr. Frederick Stork.

No. 2462-*I*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the Reverend W. H. Beeby, B.D., of the Baptist Mission at Hanamkonda, to be a Marriage Registrar within the territories of His Highness the Nizam.

The 17th July, 1893.

No. 1214-*G*.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. G. A. Durand, C.B., Indian Staff Corps, British Agent at Gilgit (on deputation), is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 19th July, 1893, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 1216-*G*.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. Wylie, C.S.I., Bengal General List, Infantry, is appointed to be a Resident of the 2nd Class and Resident in Nepal, substantive *pro tempore*, with effect from the 11th April, 1893, and until further orders.

The 18th July, 1893.

No. 1222-*G*.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. G. A. Schröder as Acting Consul for Italy at Rangoon during the absence of Mr. F. Stork.

The 19th July, 1893.

No. 1240-*G*.—Major C. W. Ravenshaw, Indian Staff Corps, Political Agent of the 3rd (officiating 1st) Class, and Assistant to the Resident in Mysore and Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 1st August, 1893, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

H. M. DURAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 21st July, 1893.

No. 3148-A.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*

June 1893. (Lakhs of Rupees.)

—	In June.		To end of June.		Whole year.	
[For the explanation of these heads, see *Gazette of India*, dated 22nd December 1883, Part I, page 497.]	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	Budget, 1893-94.	Actuals, Preliminary, 1892-93.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	2,56	2,64	6,69	6,57	25,98	25,55
Opium	58	64	1,65	1,87	7,32	7,99
Salt	59	67	2,20	2,37	8,59	8,66
Stamps	41	42	1,23	1,17	4,43	4,45
Excise	45	48	1,29	1,27	5,14	5,24
Provincial Rates	48	41	1,18	1,11	3,71	3,75
Customs	12	12	41	37	1,66	1,61
Assessed Taxes	14	15	29	28	1,57	1,56
Forest (Madras and Bombay only)	2	2	7	7	54	45
Registration	5	5	13	12	43	43
Tributes from Native States	3	4	14	16	77	79
Other Civil Revenue	22	26	82	85	3,76	3,65
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	5,65	5,90	16,10	16,21	63,90	64,13
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	— 13	— 17	— 90	— 1,10	— 4,11	— 4,25
Opium	— 2	— 2	— 1,08	— 81	— 2,25	— 1,60
Other Civil Expenditure	— 1,84	— 1,93	— 5,60	— 5,63	— 25,08	— 23,88
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE DIRECTLY BROUGHT TO ACCOUNT: GROSS	— 1,99	— 2,12	— 7,58	— 7,54	— 31,44	— 29,73
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:						
[The figures comprising Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance Transactions.]						
Post Office (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Issues)	+ 4	+ 10	+ 28	+ 29	+ 87	+ 67
Forest, Marine (Net as above)	...	+ 4	+ 1	...	+ 24	+ 34
Guaranteed and Subsidized Railways (Net as above)	+ 36	+ 42	+ 1,68	+ 1,69	+ 4,07	+ 4,25
Ditto Repayment of Surplus Profits, &c.	...	...	— 1	— 1	— 57	— 58
Military Receipts	+ 4	+ 5	+ 15	+ 17	+ 80	+ 96
Ditto Issues	— 1,16	— 1,20	— 3,71	— 3,57	— 15,11	— 15,03
Telegraph Receipts	+ 6	+ 5	+ 18	+ 16	+ 4	+ 75
Ditto Issues	— 6	— 5	— 17	— 16		— 70
Public Works Department—						
State Railways—Receipts	+ 1,07	+ 90	+ 3,07	+ 2,73	— 7	+ 10,96
" " Issues	— 65	— 76	— 2,28	— 2,27		— 9,09
East Indian Railway—Receipts	+ 39	+ 38	+ 1,23	+ 1,32		+ 4,32
" " " Issues	— 11	— 11	— 37	— 31		— 1,63
Ordinary Branches—Receipts	+ 21	+ 25	+ 46	+ 50		+ 2,47
" " Issues	— 53	— 59	— 1,67	— 1,84		— 7,51
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS	— 34	— 52	— 1,15	— 1,30	— 9,73	— 9,88
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, — Receipts less, than Payments)	...	...	...	...	+ 3,22	+ 25
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+ 10	— 7	— 3	— 16	...	— 10
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	— 1,48	— 76	— 3,53	— 2,82	— 10,85	— 8,93
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R 10 per £	— 1,44	— 2,12	— 5,41	— 5,42	— 18,37	— 17,03
Other Debt Heads (Net as above)	+ 42	— 13	+ 1,20	— 6	+ 71	— 73
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS	— 2,40	— 3,08	— 7,77	— 8,46	— 25,29	— 26,54
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES	+ 92	+ 18	— 40	— 1,09	— 2,56	— 2,02
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	13,95	16,02	15,27	17,29	15,20	17,29
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	14,87	16,20	14,87	16,20	12,64	15,27

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 21st July, 1893.

No. 3123-*P*.—Mr. K. B. Wagle, Assistant Accountant General, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 20th August 1893.

No. 3139-*P*.—The following promotions and reversions of officers of the Account Department during the month of June 1893 are notified:

With effect from the 2nd June 1893,—

Mr. A. G. Chuckerbutty to officiate in Class IV of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 3rd June 1893,—

Mr. R. C. Chapman to officiate in Class III, and

Mr. W. H. E. Mellor to officiate in Class VI of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 7th June 1893,—

Mr. A. H. Anthony to officiate in Class III of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 12th June 1893,—

Mr. H. Oung to officiate in Class III, and

Mr. R. C. Chapman to revert to Class IV of the Enrolled List.

With effect from the 28th June 1893,—

Mr. R. N. Ray to revert to Class III;

Mr. A. H. Anthony to revert to Class IV;

Mr. M. N. Bhattacharya to revert to Class V;

Mr. Chunilal to officiate in Class VI instead of in Class V of the Enrolled List; and

Mr. W. H. E. Mellor to revert to the Class of Probationers.

PAPER CURRENCY.

The 15th July, 1893.

No. 3072-*A*.—*Abstract of the Accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th June 1893 published, as required, by Section 27 of the Indian Paper Currency Act, XX of 1882.*

CIRCLES OF ISSUE.	Whole amount of Notes in circulation.	RESERVE IN SILVER COIN AND BULLION.		
		Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Rs.	*Rs.*	*Rs.*	*Rs.*
Calcutta .	11,43,72,710	3,43,67,615	39,01,097	3,82,68,712
Allahabad .	1,24,34,260	1,58,62,235	...	1,58,62,235
Lahore .	1,47,21,625	1,22,51,650	...	1,22,51,650
Bombay .	8,61,50,040	5,41,56,196	79,59,927	6,21,16,123
Kurrachee ..	72,47,455	54,79,570	...	54,79,570
Madras .	2,49,39,430	2,50,97,330	29,000	2,51,26,330
Calicut .	16,04,710	20,34,060	...	20,34,060
Rangoon .	34,23,985	2,37,55,535	...	2,37,55,535
TOTAL .	26,48,94,215	17,30,04,191	1,18,90,024	18,48,94,215
Price paid for Government Securities of the nominal value of Rs. 8,15,95,000 held under Section 19 of the Act				8,00,00,000
GRAND TOTAL .				26,48,94,215

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 21st July, 1893.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 688.—Captain C. de C. Hamilton, Royal Artillery, to be Staff Captain, Royal Artillery, Rawal Pindi Circle, *vice* Captain J. R. K. L. Heyland, deceased. Dated 2nd July 1893.

ARMY REMOUNT DEPARTMENT.

No. 689.—Captain A. P. Westlake, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, Superintendent of the Hapur Remount Depôt, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 3rd December 1892, *vice* Major H. N. Webb, vacated.

No. 690.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 232 of 1893, Major C. V. B. Kuper, Royal Artillery, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of the Presidency Remount Depôt, with effect from the 11th July 1893, instead of Captain G. McMicking, Royal Artillery, who has vacated on proceeding on furlough.

COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.

No. 691.—Lieutenant D. H. Drake-Brockman, Indian Staff Corps, 6th Bengal Infantry, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on probation, with effect from the 9th May 1893. (Joined his appointment on the 30th June 1893.)

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 692.—*4th Lancers*—

Captain R. F. M. Johnstone, Indian Staff Corps, second squadron commander, to be first squadron commander and second-in-command, *vice* Major F. R. B. Knox, retired;

Captain E. F. H. McSwiney, D.S.O., Indian Staff Corps, third squadron commander, to be second squadron commander, *vice* Captain Johnstone,—

with effect from the 11th April 1893.

Captain S. M. Mason, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, to be third squadron commander, sub *pro tem.*, with effect from the 18th March 1893, and to be second squadron commander, sub *pro tem.*, *vice* Captain McSwiney, *seconded*.

No. 693.— *5th Infantry*—

Second-Lieutenant W. L. Cotton, Yorkshire Light Infantry, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps in the Madras presidency, to be officiating wing officer, on probation, with effect from the 12th July 1893.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 694.—The undermentioned Surgeon-Lieutenants, appointed to the Bengal establishment in G. G. O. No. 260 of 1893, reported their arrival at Bombay on the dates specified:

George Yeates Cobb Hunter,—14th April 1893.

Bernard Robert Chatterton,—22nd April 1893.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 695.—The tenure of the appointment of Captain E. S. F. Walker, Royal Artillery, ordnance officer, 3rd class, in the Ordnance Department in India, is extended for five years from the 1st October 1892.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 696.—The Prince of Wales has been pleased to appoint Ressaidar and Woordie-Major Ahmad Khan, *Khan Sahib*, 11th Bengal Lancers, to be native orderly officer to His Royal Highness.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, INTELLIGENCE BRANCH.

No. 697.—Captain G. H. H. Couchman, D.S.O., Somersetshire Light Infantry, officiating Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, Intelligence Branch, Burma, to be Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, Intelligence Branch, Burma, *vice* Captain G. V. Burrows, resigned, with effect from the 18th April 1893.

No. 698.—Captain H. B. Walker, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Staff Captain, to officiate as Assistant Quartermaster-General, Intelligence Branch, Burma, *vice* Captain Couchman on sick leave, with effect from the 19th April 1893.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 699.—Lieutenant Richard Sylvester Phillips, Yorkshire Light Infantry, officiating wing officer, 15th Madras Infantry, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps from the 28th June 1892, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

No. 700.—The undermentioned officers, having completed eighteen months' probationary service, are admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, with effect from the dates specified, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India:

Lieutenant William Beadon, King's Own Scottish Borderers, wing officer, 4th Sikh Infantry,—4th December 1891.

Second-Lieutenant James Arthur Bliss, Middlesex Regiment, officiating wing officer, 21st Madras Infantry,—4th December 1891.

Second Lieutenant Bliss will rank as Lieutenant in the Indian Staff Corps from the above date, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 701.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the staff corps; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:

Lieutenant E. St. A. Wake, Indian Staff Corps, squadron officer, 10th Bengal Lancers, for four months. Pension service—10th year commenced 6th February 1893.

Lieutenant W. C. H. Bunbury, Indian Staff Corps, 40th Bengal Infantry, for three months. Pension service—5th year commenced 30th January 1893.

No. 702.—Surgeon-Colonel G. C. Chesnaye, Principal Medical Officer, Lahore district, is granted leave out of India, (m. c.) for six months, under article 681, Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part I, with effect from the date of his first landing in England or on the continent of Europe.

No. 703.—Sub-Conductor H. R. Artnur, clerk, office of the Inspector-General of Ordnance, Eastern Circle, is granted an extension of leave for the 4th January 1893.

No. 704.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Secretary of State for India:

Major W. F. H. Grey, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 2nd grade, Burma, (p. a.) for twenty-nine days.

Major G. W. C. Bruce, Indian Staff Corps, wing officer, 4th Punjab Infantry, (m. c.) till 31st October 1893.

No. 705.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. Paterson, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to reside out of India under article 738 (*a*), Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part I.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 706.—The following extracts are published for general information:

"London Gazette," dated the 27th June, 1893, pages 3643 and 3644

INDIA OFFICE;
The 27th June, 1893.

The Queen has approved of the following promotions among the officers of the Staff Corps and Indian Medical Services, and admissions to the Staff Corps, made by the Governments in India:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Charles Marsh Keighley, D.S.O. Dated 3rd April 1893.

Frederick Gibson Tyrrell Welch. Dated 20th April 1893.

Captain to be Major.

Henry Beaufoy Thornhill. Dated 23rd April 1893.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieutenant Owen Annesley Smith, from the Royal Artillery. Dated 10th September 1891, but to rank from 24th July 1886.

Lieutenant Ian Hope Grant, from the Suffolk Regiment. Dated 2nd July 1891, but to rank from 25th August 1886.

Lieutenant William Robert Walker, from the Derbyshire Regiment. Dated 6th October 1891, but to rank from 23rd March 1890.

Lieutenant Donald Hay Cameron, from the Royal Artillery. Dated 26th July 1891, but to rank from 23rd July 1890.

Lieutenant Charles Roderick Maclagan Hutchinson, from the West Yorkshire Regiment. Dated 21st January 1892, but to rank from 24th September 1890.

Lieutenant Frederic Thornton Trevor Moore, from the Connaught Rangers. Dated 5th September 1891, but to rank from 24th September 1890.

Lieutenant Hugh Wilson Cruddas, from the Royal Irish Regiment. Dated 4th February 1892, but to rank from 15th October 1890.

Lieutenant Robert Eaton Travers, from the Royal West Surrey Regiment. Dated 10th February 1892, but to rank from 12th February 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Henry Hercules Cobbe, from the Royal Artillery. Dated 11th July 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Charles John Cumberlege, from the King's Own Scottish Borderers. Dated 29th August 1891.

Second-Lieutenant James Blackburn Bedford, from the Connaught Rangers. Dated 14th September 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Neil Macpherson, from the East Kent Regiment. Dated 14th September 1891.

Second-Lieutenant William Christopher Warde Harrison, from the West Yorkshire Regiment. Dated 20th September 1891.

Second-Lieutenant George Edgar John Perry, from the Suffolk Regiment. Dated 21st September 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Arthur Granville Vivian, from the Northumberland Fusiliers. Dated 25th September 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Alfred Gilbert Crocker, from the Royal Artillery. Dated 5th October 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Cyril Harding Ward, from the South Lancashire Regiment. Dated 13th October 1891.

Second-Lieutenant Walter Henry Norman, from the Royal Warwickshire Regiment. Dated 22nd December 1891.

Second-Lieutenant George Bathyany Sanford, from the Wiltshire Regiment. Dated 17th January 1892.

Second-Lieutenant David Coley Young, from the Durham Light Infantry. Dated 17th February 1892.

BENGAL CAVALRY.

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel and General Sir Dighton Macnaghten Probyn, K.C.B., K.C.S.I., V.C. Dated 1st April 1893.

BENGAL MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

To be Surgeon-Colonel.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel George Thomson. Dated 1st April 1893.

Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels to be Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels.

David Douglas Cunningham. Dated 24th October 1892.

Archibald Cameron, M.D. Dated 1st April 1893.

James Charles Gordon Carmichael, M.D. Dated 2nd April 1893.

Surgeon-Majors to be Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 1st April 1893.

David Wilkie.

Denis Peter Macdonald, M.D.

Oswald Baker.

Frederick William Wright, D.S.O.

Surgeon-Captains to be Surgeon-Majors.

Dated 2nd April 1892.

Frederick Daly Cæsar Hawkins.

John Adams Cunningham, M.D.

Harry Chalmers Hudson.

Alexander Silcock.

Patrick Mullane, M.D.

John William Rodgers.

James Farquharson Maclaren.

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The Queen has approved of the retirement from the service of the undermentioned officers:

BENGAL MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel William Center. Dated 2nd April 1893.

MADRAS MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel James Byers Thomas. Dated 1st April 1893.

BOMBAY MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Wellington Gray. Dated 12th April 1893.

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PROMOTIONS.

No. 707.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:

INDIAN STAFF CORPS.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 20th July 1893.

Spencer Richard Rawlinson, D.S.O.

John Newman Walker.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 708.—Colonel William John Seaton, Indian Staff Corps, is admitted to the colonel's allowance, with effect from the 20th July 1893.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Bengal.

No. 709.—The undermentioned Sub-Conductors, on probation, are confirmed in their present grade, with effect from the dates specified :.

George Arnold,—5th November 1892, *seconded.*

George Walter Chalwin,—5th November 1892.

Robert Sharpe,—15th December 1892.

Madras.

No. 710.—Store-Sergeant Isaac William Seymore to be Sub-Conductor, with effect from the 29th April 1893, *vice* Sub-Conductor J. H. Aggas, deceased.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 711.—*35th Bengal Infantry*—

Havildar Sama Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Dumman Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st July 1893.

No. 712.—*2nd Battalion, 3rd Gurkha Rifles*—

Jemadar Singhbir Ghale to be Subadar and Havildar Bishn Sing Kathait to be Jemadar, *vice* Shiucharn Bhandari, dismissed the service, with effect from the 24th June 1893.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 713.—*Surma Valley Light Horse*—

Lieutenant Walter Renny Walker to be Captain, with effect from the 1st April 1893, *vice* Balfour, resigned.

No. 714.—*Calcutta Light Horse*—

Captain William Kearnes Eddis to be Major-Commandant, *vice* Macnair, resigned.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 49.—Mr. Henry Elcock, Chief Engineer, Royal Indian Marine, is transferred to the retired list, with effect from the 1st September 1893.

E. H. H. COLLEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 21st July, 1893.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 1st and the 21st July 1893.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. a. p.		
Alexander Grierson Davidson. (*a*)	Captain .	Indian Staff Corps.	30th December 1892.	Intestate .	904 15 11	...	20th September 1893
Godlieb Arbuthnot Van Someren. (*b*)	Second-Lieutenant.	1st Battalion, East Surrey Regiment.	25th April 1893.	Intestate .	370 7 4	...	...
Thomas Brown (*c*)	Conductor .	Commissariat-Transport Department.	8th August 1892.	Intestate .	1,994 3 7	...	20th September 1893.

(*a*) Widow—Mrs. A. Davidson.

(*b*) *Next-of-kin*—Father—Colonel G. I. Van Someren, 38, Tisbury Road, Hove, Brighton. (Administrator-General, Bengal, administering.)

(*c*) *Next-of-kin*—Not known.

E. H. H. COLLEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 15th July, 1893.

No. 277.—Mr. F. R. Upcott, Superintending Engineer, 2nd Class, State Railways, and Consulting Engineer for Railways, Madras, was employed on special duty from the 23rd February to the 6th March 1893 (forenoon).

No. 278.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 277, dated 15th July 1893, Major W. V. Constable, R.E., continued to officiate as Consulting Engineer for Railways, Madras, while Mr. F. R. Upcott was on special duty, from the 23rd February to the 6th March 1893 (forenoon), with the rank of Officiating Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class.

The 17th July, 1893.

No. 279.—The services of Lieutenant E. G. Farquharson, R.E., Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Public Works Department, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Military Works Department, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st April 1893.

The 18th July, 1893.

No. 280.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. V. Corbett, R.E., Superintending Engineer, 1st Class, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer to that Government in the Irrigation Branch during the absence on privilege leave of Colonel C. W. I. Harrison, R.E., or until further orders.

No. 281.—Mr. W. H. Chase, Class II, Grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, is appointed to officiate as Locomotive Superintendent of the Eastern Bengal State Railway in Class I of the same Establishment during the absence of Mr. A. S. Jameson on privilege leave, or until further orders.

No. 282.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 163, dated 26th April 1893, the services of Mr. E. P. Henderson, C.S., Barrister-at-Law, Government Advocate, Punjab, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 23rd June 1893.

The 19th July, 1893.

No. 283.—Mr. J. E. Hilton, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, Punjab, is permanently promoted to Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, with effect from the 30th May 1893.

The 20th July, 1893.

No. 284.—Mr. R. G. Macdonald, Officiating Accountant General and Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the forenoon of the 11th July 1893.

No. 285.—Mr. A. R. Becher, Officiating Deputy Accountant General and Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the forenoon of the 11th July 1893.

F. L. O'CALLAGHAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.